

# THE EVENING NEWS.

FIFTH YEAR—NO. 236

BENTON HARBOR, MICH., FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1900.

TWO CENTS.

## ONE BALLOT; STEVENSON

Big Field of Candidates  
Named.

Hill Named by an En-  
thusiast.

Work of Convention is  
Done.

By Telegraph to Evening News.

Kansas City, July 6.—Bryan and Stevenson is the ticket for which the big convention shouted this afternoon. The nomination of Adlai Stevenson of Illinois, vice president with Cleveland, was made on the first ballot.

There was no end to the men who wanted to have second place on the ticket. Half a dozen were placed in nomination, among them being J. Ham Lewis of Washington, John Mott Smith of New Orleans, of the unknown variety of statesmen and the better known democrats like David B. Hill of New York, Stevenson of Illinois, and Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, the silver and populist candidate.

## PEKIN RED WITH BLOOD.

Five Thousand Native Catholic Con-  
verts Are Slain.

By Telegraph to Evening News.

Washington, July 6.—A cablegram received here announces that the Shanghai boxers besides murdering the foreigners in Peking have massacred five thousand native Catholic converts. It was known that ten thousand of these resided in the city and doubtless a perish.

The Chinese refugees confirm the  
sries of the torture of the foreigners.

Hot in The Sun.

At 12 o'clock this afternoon a thermom-  
eter in the sun in front of Burkhardt's  
in St. Joseph registered 100 de-  
grees. Other thermometers in the  
different parts of Benton Har-  
bor and St. Joseph vary from 85 to 93

Heat is beginning to tell on the  
city of children. No sunstrokes are  
reported here. Innumerable head-

Auction Sale  
Order of the court, of the entire  
safe, fixtures, tools and material  
belonging to the stock, St. Jo-  
seph, without limit or reserve.  
Daily at 10 and 7:30 p. m. until  
sold.

A. L. CHURCH, assignee,  
JOHN F. TURNER, auctioneer.

Want Bros. 115 Pleasant street,  
Benton Harbor. Old furniture repaired  
and look like new. Planos  
and furniture re-finished. t236

Hot popcorn, eat the best; on  
Spark's stand, east side Pipe-  
street. Try it, finest in the city.  
t233

Get Nell Saturday night. Ad-  
mission 15 cents. Cars will run after  
dance.

## OSING OUT!!

Gun Store  
and Office.  
Benton Harbor

ing out my entire stock of ladies'  
and UNREDEEMED Bicycles.  
sold on the installment plan,  
rd down, balance weekly pay-  
Closing out my entire stock  
UNREDEEMED shot guns, rifles  
solders. Closing out my entire  
of ladies' and gent's UNRE-  
DEEMED watches at prices that will  
buy. Closing out my entire  
UNREDEEMED sewing ma-  
13 altogether. Closing out my  
stock of UNREDEEMED musical  
ents, banjos, guitars, violins,  
one and one cottage organ.  
out my entire stock of UNRE-  
DEEMED men's clothing. Closing out  
my stock of ammunition. All  
shot gun and rifle powder, 25c.  
Loaded paper shells, 10, 12  
gauge, 40c. and 45c. per box.  
out my entire stock of fishing  
SHOT GUNS AND RIFLES  
NT BY THE DAY OR  
WEDGE AND WALL  
FOR SALE. My soda fountain  
Soda a leader this season  
class. Inspection invited.

A. A. JACKSON,  
almost everything. Licensed  
new on all kinds of personal  
Benton Harbor, Mich. Phone 588.

COL. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.



DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

## HOW BRYAN LIKES PLATFORM

The Candidate Expresses His Ideas  
on the Platform.

Lincoln, Neb., July 6.—The news of the  
action of the Kansas City convention on  
the platform gave Mr. Bryan the best of  
satisfaction. When asked for a statement,  
Mr. Bryan gave out the following:  
"I am very much gratified to learn of  
the adoption of a platform which is clear  
and explicit on every question.

"The controversy over the silver plank  
was not a controversy between men who  
differed in principle, but rather a difference  
of opinion as to the best method of stat-  
ing the question. If we only had democ-  
rats to deal with a simple reaffirmation  
would have been sufficient. But we have  
to do with the republicans as well as democ-  
rats, and some of the republicans would  
misconstrue a reaffirmation and endeavor  
to twist it into an evasion or abandonment  
of the silver question.

"Our appeal is to the patriotism and con-  
science of the people, and we must take  
them into our confidence if we expect them  
to have confidence in us. Our platform  
deals honestly and squarely with every  
question before the public, and since we  
have nothing to explain we can spend all  
our time in assaults upon republican pol-  
icies. The industrial trusts have alarmed  
many who were not with us in our fight  
against the money trust in 1896. We shall  
not disappoint them; we shall not cease our  
efforts until every private monopoly is de-  
stroyed.

"Imperialism appeals to many as the most  
dangerous of the evils now menacing our  
country. It involves not only a change  
in our ideas of government, but a return  
to the militarism of the old world. No  
question before many differ as to the relative  
importance of the question now before the  
country, everyone must recognize that an  
economic evil can be corrected more easily  
than one which attacks the foundations of  
government. If we adhere to the principle  
that government is a thing made by the  
people for themselves, the people can in  
remedy every wrong, but if that doctrine  
is once surrendered the people are  
powerless to redress any grievances. The  
six and one-half millions who supported the  
Chicago platform in 1896 stand like a  
solid wall against the trusts and against  
imperialism. If ten per cent. of those who  
by voting the republican ticket brought  
the present dangers upon the country will  
join with us this nation will once more be-  
come the champion of liberty and an in-  
spiration to the oppressed everywhere."

Will Not Be a Candidate.  
Milwaukee, July 6.—Senator John C.  
Spooner, who is serving his second term  
as United States senator, announces in the  
Sentinel his decision not to be a candidate  
for reelection. His reasons for retiring  
from public life are purely personal to him-  
self and his family, and these it is known  
relate to Mrs. Spooner's ill health, which  
makes a residence in Washington undesi-  
rable.

Three Drowned.  
Lake Charles, La., July 6.—By the sink-  
ing of a skiff on the lake in a rainstorm  
three persons, Mrs. C. J. Phelps, her mother,  
Mrs. Amanda Johnson and her brother,  
Albert Johnson, aged 11, were drowned.

Probate Court.

George W. Steffy filed his petition  
as administrator of the estate of James  
C. Steffy, deceased, for license to dis-  
pose of by private sale the real estate  
of said deceased for the payment of  
claims. Hearing set for August 6, at  
10 a. m.

John Hildebrand filed his petition  
for the appointment of W. Irwin Bab-  
cock as administrator of the estate of  
Lenhart Rettig, deceased. Hearing  
set for July 30 at 10 a. m.

Azin H. Calkins filed his petition for  
the probate of the will of his late wife,  
Rebecca Calkins, deceased, late of  
Benton Harbor, and for the appoint-  
ment of himself as administrator with  
the will annexed of said estate. Hear-  
ing set for August 6 at 10 a. m.

## WATER NOTICE.

Service Will Be Cut Off Tomorrow  
Forenoon.

Tomorrow (Saturday) morning at  
7:30 o'clock the city water will be  
closed off the entire city south of Main  
street for the purpose of placing a  
valve at the corner of Britain avenue  
and Broadway. Water takers should  
provide themselves with a supply of  
water for use during the forenoon.  
The city clerk kindly requests the citi-  
zens to be patient in this matter, as  
improvements of this kind are neces-  
sary.

Suburban high grade bicycles, lady's  
or gent's, at Wallace Bros. for 619. t235

## THE WEATHER FORECAST.

Showers and thunderstorms tonight.  
Saturday fair and cooler.

## GOV. PINGREE IS PLEASED

Likes the Michigan Republican  
Platform.

Detroit, July 6.—Speaking of the  
platform adopted at Grand Rapids last  
week, Governor Pingree said upon his  
return from Washington yesterday.

"That platform is all right. Why,  
it's the same platform I made them  
adopt when they renominated me two  
years ago. They have all climbed in-  
to my bandwagon, sure as fate. It calls  
for the repeal of special railroad char-  
ters like the Michigan Central's.  
That's mine. I've been advocating it  
for years. Then there's that other  
plank which says the party renews its  
allegiance to the principles of equal  
and uniform taxation, and that every  
dollar of wealth shall be taxed equally  
with every other dollar. That declara-  
tion will do if they only live up to it."

"But about the candidate nominated  
for governor?"

"Col. Bliss is satisfactory to me. I  
haven't anything against him. If my  
neighbor over the way, Mr. Ferry,  
had been nominated I might have been  
forced to run again for governor in  
order to beat him. It would have been  
very much against my personal in-  
clinations to have done so. But Ferry  
is not the nominee and I am no longer  
a possibility for even a nomination.  
Democrats and nobody else have any  
right to say that I might accept a nom-  
ination from them. I won't. I've had  
enough of the governorship. I will  
stand by the ticket nominated at  
Grand Rapids."

## LETTER FROM CONGER.

Written by the Chinese Minister Five  
Weeks Ago.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 6.—Mrs. Ida  
H. Conger, sister-in-law of Minister  
E. H. Conger, received the following  
letter from him Thursday, dated Peking,  
May 20:

Times grow more exciting every day.  
The opposition to missionaries and all  
foreigners is worse than it has been  
for thirty years, hence I am unusually  
busy. The Woodwards of Chicago are  
still with us. They are here to stay  
until the middle of June. We are still  
in the city (Peking), but hope to move  
into the hills within ten days. It will  
be quite warm there, but we shall miss  
the dirt of the city. I enclose pictures  
of our apartments, of myself at my desk  
and the American legation."

With Mr. and Mrs. Conger are their  
daughter, Laura, about 28 years old;  
Miss Mary Pierce, 22 years old, of Des  
Moines; Mrs. Morgan and Miss Iona  
Woodward of Chicago; Miss Penn of  
Chicago, who went out as French com-  
panion for the Woodward family.

## Excursion to Macatawa

On the popular steamer City of Louis-  
ville Sunday, July 8, leaving Benton  
Harbor at 8 a. m., and St. Joseph at 9  
a. m.; returning leave Macatawa Park  
at 5 p. m. Fare 50 cents. Parties de-  
siring to visit Holland or Saugatuck  
can do so by taking the electric cars.  
This will be the only excursion to this  
point for some time. It is a trip of 120  
miles lake ride and will give excu-  
sionists about three hours to visit the  
parks. GRABAM & MORTON LINE.

## Kenneth Morrison Is Dead.

A third telegram received here an-  
nounced the death of little Kenneth  
Morrison at Jacksonville, Fla.

## Marriage Licenses.

Aden Kerns, 25, Benton Harbor;  
Myrtle Harris, 17, Warsaw.

Dr. S. M. White, dentist

## STRANGE CASE IS SETTLED

Race War in Lake Town-  
ship at an End.

Gentile Compelled He-  
brew to Eat Pork.

Supreme Court Passes  
Out Its Opinion.

The last chapter has been written in  
the Carter vs. Bedortha case and the  
much abused Jewish "kids" and their  
defender, the defendant, are victori-  
ous.

Mary Carter lives in Lake township.  
She is a hater of the people of Jerusa-  
lum and when a family of that race  
moved into her neighborhood, accord-  
ing to rumor, she started to make  
things hot for them. Her large dog  
joined her in the crusade and on more  
than one occasion he put the children  
of the Hebrew family to flight. Mrs.  
Carter's children also took a hand and  
according to the evidence given in the  
circuit court they once captured a small  
member of the family and compelled  
him to eat pork—a meat which he didn't  
much relish.

Burrill S. Bedortha lived across the  
street from the Carter house and he  
joined forces with the Jews. Once  
when the Carter dog assailed the He-  
brew children Bedortha grabbed a  
large club and chased the dog away.  
Then still armed with the club he  
rushed into Mrs. Carter's private room  
and brandishing the stick in her face  
expressed his opinion of her.

Mrs. Carter immediately commenced  
suit against Bedortha. It was carried  
from the justice to the circuit court.  
Mrs. Carter was given 6 cents damages  
in the latter place.

She took the case to the supreme  
court and the judges there have just  
handed down a decision affirming the  
decision.

In the decision the supreme judges  
state that there is error in the case but  
that the character of a woman who will  
approve and encourage her children in  
making Jews eat pork does not war-  
rant them in interfering with the ver-  
dict.

## ONE LECTURE COURSE

Methodists and Y. M. C. A. Con-  
solidate.

There will be but one lecture course  
in Benton Harbor next winter. The  
Methodists and the Y. M. C. A. have  
joined efforts and will give the citizens  
the best course ever enjoyed here.  
Instead of five entertainments as for-  
merly there will be six and the course  
tickets will sell for \$1. This will make  
the cost of each entertainment 16c  
cents.

The committee has organized by the  
election of L. G. Smith president  
and A. I. Burrucker secretary. The  
committee on advertising will consist  
of A. P. Cady and J. H. Herr.  
It is probable that the course will be  
held in the Bell opera house.

## Walking to Saginaw

A pretty young lady about 20 years  
of age passed through this city this  
morning on her way from Los Angeles,  
Cal., to Saginaw, where she will visit  
an aunt. She did not look poverty  
stricken but declared she had plenty of  
money and was walking from choice.



It frequently settles difficulties that  
would otherwise lead to the waste of  
much time, effort and money.  
"Ask him over the telephone," are  
words frequently heard in every busi-  
ness office where a letter has been ob-  
scure on some point.

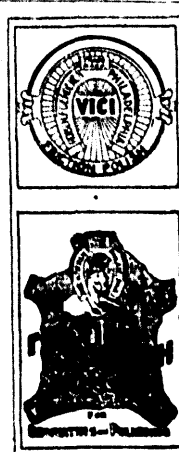
Many people do not express them-  
selves clearly in correspondence, but a  
man can generally make himself un-  
derstood if you can get within speaking  
distance of him, by means of the tele-  
phone.



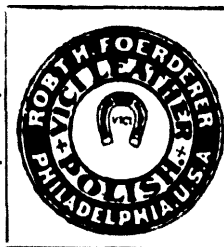
Michigan  
Telephone Co.

It Pays to Buy Shoes  
of Miles

## Do You Polish Your Own Shoes?



If you do you certainly  
ought to get the best



## Shoe Dressing and Polish

In order to get the best results. We handle  
shoe polish and dressing that is as good or  
better than any on the market. Ten cent  
package made by Robert Foerderer for all  
colors and kinds of leather. The next  
time you need polish, buy it of us, we will  
sell you the best.

## A. S. Miles & Co.

113 PIPESTONE ST.

## TRADE IS GOOD

That the public appreciate my efforts to give  
them a first-class meat market is evi-  
denced by my increased pa-  
tronage. I carry at all  
times the best in

## FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS

AND ASK FOR A TRIAL ORDER.

W. F. Summerill

Phone 241. 130 Pipestone St.

## DRINK

Michigan Tea & Coffee Co.'s  
COFFEES AND TEAS

No. 2529

WINS THE

Morris Chair

W. D. DOWNEY

Postoffice Block.



# A-STAR-1

When you see this mark on a bunch of shingles it means the best. We don't sell shingles but we make a specialty of....

## FINE FOOTWEAR

For Men, Women and Children and our entire stock is of

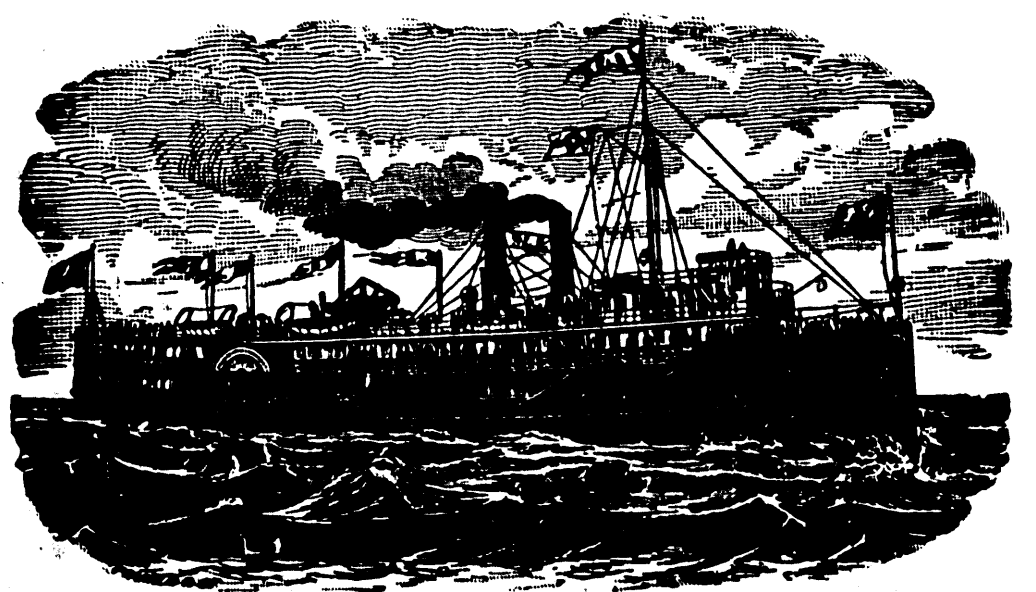
### THE A-STAR-1 KIND

## Morrison Bros.

102 Water St.

Benton Harbor.

### Graham & Morton Transportation Company



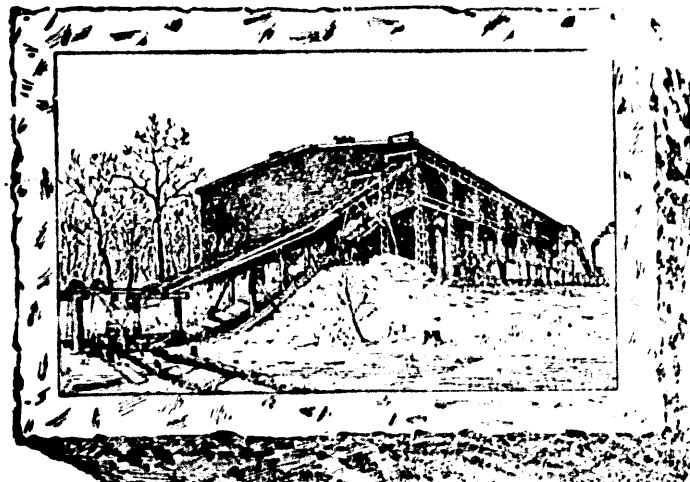
The elegant steel, side-wheel passenger steamer City of Chicago, and the popular propeller City of Louisville, will run on the route between Chicago, St. Joseph and Benton Harbor, for the time being, according to the following schedule:

Leave Benton Harbor 6:45 a. m. daily ex. Sun. 9 p. m. daily inc. Sun.	Leave St. Joseph: 7:30 a. m. daily ex. Sun. 9 p. m. daily ex. Sun. 10:30 p. m. daily inc. Sun. 6 p. m. Sunday only.	Arrive Chicago: 11:30 a. m. daily ex. Sun. 9 p. m. daily ex. Sun. 4:30 a. m. daily. 10 p. m. Sunday only.
Leave Chicago 9:30 a. m. daily. 12:30 noon daily ex. Sat. and Sunday. 11:30 p. m. daily inc. Sun. 2 p. m. Saturday only.	Arrive St. Joseph: 1:30 p. m. daily. 4:30 p. m. daily ex. Sat. and Sun. 4 a. m. daily. 2 p. m. Sundays only. 6 p. m. Saturday only.	Ar. Benton Harbor: 5:30 a. m. daily. 7 p. m. Saturday only.

The right is reserved to change this schedule without notice.  
DOCKS:—Chicago, Foot of Wabash Ave. St. Joseph, E. A. Graham Benton Harbor, N. Water St.

J. H. GRAHAM, President  
J. S. MORTON, Secretary

### UNION ICE & COAL COMPANY



Ice by the carload or at retail. Dealers in pure spring-water ice from Paw Paw lake. Give us a call when ready for ice. We aim to please. Wood and coal always on hand.

Capacity of Ice House 10,000 tons.  
Capacity of Elevator, 75 to 80 cakes per minute.

### ...PEOPLE'S TRANSIT CO...

The Only Steamer Line to Milwaukee.

Leave Benton Harbor daily except Saturday at 7:45 p. m. St. Joseph at 9 p. m.  
Leave Milwaukee daily except Sunday at 8 p. m.

Through Tickets Sold and Cheapest-Route to All Western and Northwestern Points.

Docks: BENTON HARBOR—Main and Seventh streets. Phone 350  
ST. JOSEPH—E. A. Graham.  
MILWAUKEE—East Water Street Bridge.

## J.W. LUCAS & CO.

### COAL AND WOOD

Office, cor. Sixth and Main, opp. city hall. Telephone 292

The Evening News  
All the news for 10c a week

## BRYAN IS CHOSEN

Democrats Unanimously Select the Nebraskan as Standard Bearer.

Scenes of Great Enthusiasm Attend the Speeches and Announcement of the Result.

Convention Takes Recess Without Naming a Candidate for the Vice Presidency.

Reading of the Platform Is the Cause of Remarkable Demonstrations by the Delegates.

Webster Davis, Ex-Assistant Secretary of State, Declares Allegiance to Bryan.

Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, was Thursday night unanimously placed in nomination as the democratic candidate for president of the United States on a platform opposing imperialism, militarism and trusts, and specifically declaring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The convention adjourned until 10:30 a. m. to-day, when it will complete its work by nominating a candidate for vice president.

But the great battle of the convention has not been fought under the eyes of cheering thousands, but in the privacy of the closely guarded quarters of the committee on platform. Here was waged throughout Wednesday night and again Thursday morning one of the most remarkable struggles that ever racked this historic party. On the one hand was the influence of Bryan and the absolute unity of devotion felt toward him and the cause of silver with which his name is inseparably linked. On the other hand were many of the patriarchs of the party, men like Daniels, of Virginia, insisting that the duty of the hour called for new issues based on new and vital events. This contest was at last narrowed down to the one issue of specifically reaffirming the party's adherence to a 16 to 1 standard, as desired by Mr. Bryan, or of reaffirming the silver plank in most gentle terms. And on this issue the brains, the sagacity, the persuasive eloquence and the best ability of the convention was engaged in a battle royal for supremacy.

Out of this fierce strife the adherents of Bryan emerged, scathed but victorious. They have written the platform in their own way, with 16 to 1. But it was a victory by a scratch, for a single vote would have turned the scale. It has not been a victory without concession, for in the final draft silver is no longer "paramount"; it is far down in the platform, while in the very forefront is the declaration that imperialism is the "paramount issue of this campaign."

**The Morning Session.**  
Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—Convention hall was again besieged Thursday by eager and excited thousands and long before the time set for opening the second day's proceedings of the convention, all of the streets approaching the building were solidly massed with humanity, moving forward to the many entrances. In calling the convention to order for the morning session Chairman Richardson announced that the platform committee was not ready to report, and pending word from them he invited to the platform ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas, to address the convention. The Texan's address created unbounded enthusiasm. Striking addresses were also made by Hon. A. M. Dockery, of Missouri; Mayor Rose, of Milwaukee; Congressman Williams, of Illinois, and Hon. J. W. Miles, of Maryland.

When Gov. Beckham, of Kentucky, was called to the platform, he was greeted by a roar of applause, springing upon their chairs to get a better view of the young governor of Kentucky, waved their hats and handkerchiefs frantically. The greeting was a fitting counterpart to the reception given to Gov. Taylor of Kentucky, in Philadelphia. When Gov. Beckham reached the platform, he was greeted with a reception as enthusiastic as any extended by the delegates to any speaker who has thus far addressed the convention.

Interspersed with the speeches were continued cries for Hill, but the New Yorker was not present. The following resolution was presented: "Resolved, That a committee of nine delegates be appointed by the chair for the purpose of conferring with the silver-republican and the populist parties, now gathered in Kansas City." Shouts of "No," "No," followed the reading, but the resolution was put to a vote, and amid much confusion on the floor was declared adopted.

Chairman Richardson announced that he had been informed the platform committee would be ready to report at 3:30. Thereupon a motion was agreed to adjourn until that hour, and the vast audience filed out of the building amid enthusiastic shouts for the favorite leaders and the enlivening music of the orchestra.

**Afternoon Session.**  
By 3:30 nearly all of the delegates were ready for business, and waiting the arrival of Chairman Richardson. Many of the delegates had come prepared for the nomination of Mr. Bryan. Dozens of them carried small flags and numerous plumes of bright-colored pampas grass were visible in various parts of the floor. The crowd by 2:40 was the greatest that had attended any session of the convention. The gatekeepers were for once rather lax in denying admission to people, and there were hundreds who had no tickets of admission who were allowed to enter the building. They swarmed in upon the floor until it seemed impossible that there could be room for one more.

**Hill Appears.**  
At 3:45 ex-Senator Hill, of New York, who had been absent from the two preceding sessions, came through the delegates door by himself. He was not recognized at first and had nearly reached his seat when the cry of "Hill!" "Hill!" broke forth. It was coupled with considerable applause, but the demonstration in honor of the ex-senator, when present lacked several degrees the warmth shown Wednesday afternoon and Tuesday morning, while he was absent. At 4:05 Chairman Richardson called the convention to order.

**Platform Presented.**  
Senator Jones presented the platform. The document was read by Senator Tillman. When Senator Tillman reached the point declaring imperialism the "paramount issue" of this campaign, the delegates mounted their chairs and cheered wildly.

**Great Enthusiasm.**  
Senator Tillman was requested to repeat the imperialism plank, and again the demonstration was great. Delegates mounted their chairs, waved hats, umbrellas and flags. The spectators joined in the cheering. The whole convention

hall was a mass of waving flags. The band began playing and the demonstration increased in intensity. The state standards were pulled up and carried to the platform. Several flash light pictures of the scene were taken, adding to the picturesque character of it. The big banner that was reserved for Bryan's nomination was let down, and again the convention went wild. The banner had a picture of Bryan upon it and waved over the platform.

**Final Flag Display.**  
No such flag display was ever seen in a convention. The flags bore this inscription: "The constitution and the flag, one and inseparable, now and forever. The flag of the republic forever, of an empire never." Again and again the demonstration was renewed. The band played "The Star Spangled Banner" and the convention sang it, while the state standards were carried about the hall. A Beyer flag was carried to the platform and waved amid great enthusiasm. The band played "America," and the whole vast audience sang it, marking time with the flags.

Senator Tillman stood surveying the storm and awaiting an opportunity to proceed. The chairman pounded his gavel and appealed for order. But the march of the delegates, bearing their standards and banners, ran on uninterruptedly for 22 minutes. There were cries of "Good," "Good!" when the trust plank was read. Another Order.

When the senator reached the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform, with the declaration for free silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, pandemonium again broke loose. But the demonstration was faint in comparison to what had just occurred when imperialism was announced as the "paramount issue." Many of the delegates stood on their chairs and waved flags and cheered, but a very considerable number—more, the chairman held their seats. Senator Hill was among those who maintained quiet, while Mr. Croker waved a flag until it broke, and George Fred Williams led the Massachusetts contingent in salvos of cheers. One of the New York delegates raised a standard bearing the inscription: "Don't think there are no 16 to 1 men in New York." The demonstration lasted 4½ minutes.

**Platform Adopted.**  
The reading of the platform was concluded and adopted by acclamation. **Webster Davis Speaks.** Then followed a stirring and dramatic scene. The plank in the platform denouncing England's policy towards the Boers had called out immense applause, but when it was announced by Chairman Richardson that the convention would be addressed by Hon. Webster Davis, former assistant secretary of the interior, the crowd manifested its enthusiasm by cheering for quite two minutes as the former republican leader ascended the platform and stood facing the thousands of spectators.

The speech of Mr. Davis was arranged in order to enable him to announce his allegiance to the democratic party and the democratic platform and to the ticket of the convention. In dramatic style, and with all the force and magnetism of a fine orator, Mr. Davis began his address. He denounced as a "malicious lie" the statement that he had been forced to leave his home in the present national emergency. He pictured in brilliant and flaming sentences the "cruelties" and "aggressions" practiced by Great Britain upon the Boers of South Africa. He expressed his intense satisfaction that the democratic party had incorporated in the platform a plank so cordially and enthusiastically endorsing the cause of the Boers, which was the cause of liberty and justice. As he felt, he said, that this great republic should not chain itself to the chariot wheels of the empire that was crushing liberty to death in South Africa, he believed it to be his duty to ally himself with the democratic party. His account with the republican party he regarded as fully balanced. He owed it no further obligations. These statements met with much applause. In conclusion, in announcing his intention of supporting the democratic party and its ticket, Mr. Davis said, with great emphasis: "I stand upon this platform and shall support William J. Bryan."

**Roll of States Called.**  
The chairman then said: "The next business before the convention is the nomination of a candidate for the presidency of the United States. The secretary will call the roll of states." Before doing so, the secretary read the names of the members of the committee appointed by the chair to confer with the silver-republicans and populists in accordance with the resolution adopted by the convention at the morning session. They are: George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; J. G. Berry, Arkansas; W. H. Thompson, Nebraska; Charles Thomas, Colorado; J. S. Rose, Wisconsin; Thomas H. Martin, Virginia; J. O. McGuire, California; B. R. Pittson, South Carolina; Carter H. Harrison, Illinois.

**Bryan's Name Presented.**  
Alabama was called for nominations, but yielded to Nebraska. W. D. Oldham, of Nebraska, who was to present the name of Mr. Bryan to the convention, was waiting by the chairman's desk, and as the chairman of the Alabama delegation resumed his seat, he came forward, and in a few graceful words expressed his appreciation of the favor extended by Alabama in surrendering its time to the state of Mr. Bryan. Mr. Oldham in an eloquent address presented the name of William Jennings Bryan as a candidate for the presidency.

This was the signal for the demonstration of the day, and in a common purpose the great concourse joined in a state of enthusiastic devotion to the party leader. A huge oil portrait of Bryan, measuring 15 feet across, was brought down the main aisle before the delegates. At the same time the standards of the state delegations were torn from their sockets and waved on high, while umbrellas of red, white and blue, silk banners of the several states and many handsome and uniform transcribed were borne about the building amid the deafening clamor of 20,000 yelling, gesticulating men and women. All of the intensity of former demonstrations, and much more, was added to this final tribute to the leader.

When Colorado was reached that state yielded to Senator Hill, of New York. The audience had anxiously awaited the appearance of the distinguished New Yorker, and as he took the platform he was accorded a splendid reception, the entire audience rising and cheering wildly, with the single exception of the little group of Tammany leaders, who sat silent throughout the cheers for their New York associate. Mr. Hill was in the voice, and his tribute to the Nebraskan touched a sympathetic chord in the hearts of the audience. He pictured Bryan as the champion of the plain people and of the workman, strong with the masses, with the farmer and with the artisan. When Hill declared, with dramatic emphasis that the candidate would have the support of his party, a united party—the vast tremendous applause at the suggestion of democratic unity. Aside from the brilliant eulogy of Bryan, the speech of the New York leader was chiefly significant and attractive in its strong plea for unity. "It is time for unity, not for division," he exclaimed, "for the rupture and approval of the great multitude facing him."

Mr. Bryan's nomination was seconded by Perkins, of Texas; Lomax, of Alabama; Moore, of North Carolina; Daniel, of Virginia; Overmeyer, of Kansas, and many others. Hawaii, through its native delegate, John M. Wise, made its first seconding speech in a democratic national convention, and

finally a sweet-voiced and pleasant-faced woman alternate from Utah seconded the nomination of Mr. Bryan in behalf of the state of Utah.

**Bryan Nominated.**  
After the call of states was completed the secretary began to call the roll on the ballot for the presidential nomination. As the roll call proceeded the shouts of approval of the unanimity of the vote seemed to increase. All of the large states were cheered heartily as one after another they cast their votes for Mr. Bryan. The list of states and territories was completed with the calling of the territory of Hawaii. The announcement by Chairman Richardson that Mr. Bryan had been nominated for president of the United States unanimously was received with great applause. After the nomination of Bryan the convention adjourned until to-day to nominate the candidate for vice president. There was a fear of lighting the convention hall when it was packed with people.

**SILVER-REPUBLICANS.**  
Proceedings of Their Convention at Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—The silver-republican national convention spent all of Thursday in waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions. It was expected that the platform would be out of the way and nominations be in order at least before the close of the afternoon session, but so much friction developed in the subcommittee to which the drafting of the platform had been referred, that it was not until late Thursday afternoon that the formal enunciation of the party's principles was in readiness to be presented to the full committee. Once the disputed points had been settled, however, the committee on resolutions lost no further time, but promptly voted its approval of the subcommittee's work. The main points of difference lay in the attitude of the party on expansion, and on this point both the subcommittee and the full committee were divided practically on geographical lines, the eastern members favoring condemnation of imperialism, while most of the members from the western states opposed this course. A plank denouncing imperialism was finally adopted, and in this shape the platform will be presented to the convention to-day. It is planned to nominate both Bryan and Towne by acclamation. The programme of speeches in placing the ticket in nomination includes but six addresses. Dr. Howard S. Taylor, of Chicago, will place William J. Bryan in nomination for president, and seconding speeches will be made by Judge Phillips, of California, and former Congressman Joseph B. Cheadle, of Indiana. The nomination of Charles A. Towne for vice president will, according to the programme, be made by Senator Henry M. Teller.

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## ST. JOSEPH STABBING

A Young Negro Stabs a White Man  
on the Graham & Morton  
Dock.

## BOTH MEN WERE HOBOS.

It Was Thought That the Victim  
Would Die and Is Still in  
Danger.

Charles Payne, the young negro bootblack employed by Barber Lewis Bell, stabbed Tommy Ryan, a white hobo of local jail fame, on the Graham & Morton dock in St. Joseph at 10 o'clock Thursday evening. The blade passed between Ryan's tenth and eleventh ribs and taking an upward course punctured the left lung.

The injured man, although bleeding freely, started to walk up town. Near the top of the walk he fell completely exhausted from the loss of blood.

Chief of Police Morton shortly arrived and ordered Ryan removed to Dr. Gowdy's office, where the wound was later dressed. The injured hobo was then carried to the Brandon House, better known as the American hotel, where he is still resting.

The wound, while a very serious one, may not be fatal. Every time Ryan breathes the air whistles out of the cut in the lung and the blood spurts in a small whirlpool from the cut in the flesh.

Payne was captured by Chief Morton and is now confined in the city jail.

Both men tell different versions of the affair. The truth seems to be, however, that Payne, wishing to increase his income, applied at the G. & M. dock for a job carrying freight. Ryan was already employed in a like position and when Payne began work a quarrel arose between the white and black man. The former ordered the latter off the dock and was about to illustrate his remarks with an impressive demonstration from the tip of his lower pre-arranged limb when Payne pulled a pocket knife and stabbed his tormentor with the above stated result. He also gave Payne's left hand a long gash.

There was some little feeling over the matter in St. Joseph last evening. Many citizens believe Payne should be made an example of and sent over the railroad for a number of years. The pulling of a knife on the slightest provocation is becoming very common in Benton Harbor, last night's incident following closely on the heels of the Baroda tragedy.

Payne claims to bail from North Carolina.

## How Coloma Celebrated.

Probably in no town of its size in the whole state of Michigan was the national holiday inaugurated as it was in Coloma. From 8 o'clock Tuesday evening until midnight a crowd of merchants, professional men, tramps, hobos and old-timers in a fusillade of rockets, Roman candles, giant firecrackers and other engines of noise and danger. Giant crackers hurled mud and gravel over the fronts of business buildings, the postoffice, bank and neighboring places being pelted nearly from view and large pieces of glass in the former and in the drug store being broken. Duels fought with Roman candles at close range and a fire in a number of places and caused the probable loss of money to an unknown amount.

## Jock's Horse in Repair.

Eugene Clair, Deputy Sheriff, said that his horse, which he had found in good repair.

## BUTCHER'S MICH., May 22.

Gen. LeRoy, N.Y., has been a great coffee drinker and has found it very injurious. He used several packages of your GIN-O, the drink that takes the place of coffee, he finds it much better for himself and for his children to drink. He has given up coffee drinking entirely. We use a package every week. I am ten years old. Your respectfully,  
FANNIE WILLIAMS.

## THE CITY COUNCIL.

## REGULAR SESSION—OFFICIAL REPORT

Benton Harbor, Mich., July 2, 1900.

The city council met in regular session at the city hall at 8 o'clock a. m. Present on roll call: The Mayor, clerk and Ald. Butzbach, Baker, DeTemple, Edick, Gillette and Merrill.

Record of last regular meeting read and approved.

Reports of city treasurer, city marshal and street commissioner for month of June were read and ordered on file.

Ald. Downey took his seat in the council.

The street commissioner presented his report of sidewalks constructed during the past month at expense of the city and on motion of Ald. Edick the same was accepted and ordered on file. The following charges are included in said report:

Edick estate, Superior st. \$ 31 20

Parker estate, Superior st. 48 06

Mrs M A Fifeid, Foster ave. 8 07  
James Silver, Park st. 16 45  
Dr J C Cole, Oak st. 15 91  
Est Mrs Terry, Washington st. 40 10

The following bills were allowed:

## WATER WORKS OPERATING

G & M Trans Co, freight. \$ 1 22

Pittsburg Meter Co, repairs. 1 62

Rounds & Jewel, engineers. 100 00

B H bicycle works, repairs. 2 00

Trimble & Southworth, mason work. 1 65

Geo Kimball, hauling coal. 6 00

Jenkins Bros, gauge glasses. 1 08

W D Allen Mfg Co, packing. 6 00

Orin Cycle Co, repairs. 60

E W Blatchford & Co, lead pipe. 62 96

Castner, Curran & Bullitt, coal. 37 31

Geo Brown, city tapper. 39 00

R P Chaddock, clerk. 15 00

C S Boyle, services. 6 00

Big Four Ry, freight. 62

Pere Marquette Ry, freight. 43

B H & St Joe Gas Co, lights. 11 00

D Ballinger, draying. 1 15

## WATER PLANT

L Hemingway, making estimate. 1 00

H Swanson, labor. 2 10

A Bennett, labor. 53

G & M Trans Co, freight. 2 32

J B Clow & Sons, supplies. 379 31

## SEWER

H Dukeshner, labor. 3 00

C S Boyle, sewer com'r. 7 00

J Butzbach, labor. 1 50

J W Lason, asst engineer. 1 59

L Hemingway, engineer. 19 00

The Evening News, advertising. 4 80

## STREET

C Gettig, labor. 76 80

H Dukeshner, labor. 69 90

J Boyer, labor. 19 20

L Conkey, labor. 7 50

T Talbot, labor. 3 00

E McLaughlin, labor. 2 50

J Mead, labor. 38 40

H Carroll, labor. 38 40

W G Smith, labor. 32 85

J Troy, labor. 29 55

C Kimball, labor. 26 00

A Bennett, labor. 11 88

H Swanson, labor. 23 88

J Labouthy, labor. 23 00

J Stranahan, filing saws. 1 55

W B Shanksland, st com'r. 50 00

Chas Hartman, cement walks. 51 65

H J Letson, draying. 25

W H Baker, hardware. 4 35

J W Lason, asst surveyor. 7 62

L Hemingway, surveying. 39 75

W O Kennedy, draying. 25

Jas McDonald, lumber. 4 99

C Gettig, street sweeping. 24 00

M, B H & Cry gravel. 23 40

D Ballinger, draying. 75

## POOR.

J L Shears, poormaster. 10 00

J T Owens, groceries. 1 00

A E Nichols, wood. 2 03

J C Bostick, M D, med. services. 5 00

J Bell, M D, medical services. 4 50

Mrs R Phillips, nursing. 5 00

H T Hall, groceries. 4 61

Morrow & Stone, groceries. 4 75

A H Rowe, groceries. 2 97

D Hunt, groceries. 4 35

Herr Bros, groceries. 3 74

Phebe Gouder, labor for sick. 1 00

W Ryno, M D, med. attendance. 10 00

B G Watson, M D, med. at dance. 25 55

Enders & Young, shoes. 18 00

## CEMETERY

Eli Bierce, sexton. 35 00

The Evening News, advertising. 2 16

F R Gilson, advertising. 3 24

J N Reed, printing. 1 50

W H Baker, tools. 75

B Goodfellow, gravel. 2 00

## LIGHTING

B H & St Jos Gas Co, lights May and June. 264 14

The Electric Light Co, lights for June. 256 67

## FIRE

Phile Russell, teamster. 40 00

Am. Express Co, express. 35

A H Rowe, supplies. 4 46

Morton Hose Co, services. 3 00

A E Nichols, straw. 2 00

J R Hill, draying. 15

A Bennett, labor. 25

Wm Miller, services. 1 50

Morton Hose Co, services. 7 50

J Bell Hose Co, services. 6 50

N Y Belting & Packing Co, rubber coat. 5 50

J C Calkins, oats. 16 50

F W Jones, repairs. 25

J Bell Hose Co, services. 4 50

Twin City Tel Co, rent phones. 20 50

BRIDGE

J S Barker, lantern. 75

M V Buchanan, labor. 2 50

POLICE

Chas A. Johnson, chief. 60 00

Ed Moutine, police. 50 00

J M Jenkins, police. 50 00

D O'Brien, police. 50 00

Sam Calderwood, witness fee. 85

F P Graves, justice fees. 21 70

S B Kimball, justice fees. 5 50

Twin City Tel Co, police alarms. 26 00

S M Austin, meals to prisoners. 60

CONTINGENT

W H Baker, roof cement. 2 00

W Ryno, health officer. 20 00

F H Ellsworth, city atty. 35 00

L D Bragg, garbage master. 40 00

R P Chaddock, city clerk. 50 00

A L Loomis, city treasurer, expense pd. 40 85

J N Reed, printing. 4 75

Sam Campbell, janitor. 3 00

J Amock, bridge tender and extra labor pd. 40 75

A E Nichols, cartage. 35

W Ryno, postage pd. 1 28

J W Fiske, drinking fountains. 212 80

Pere Marquette ry, freight. 8 80

Henry Wims, moving stove. 50

Fred Alden, signal lamps. 12 50

F R Gilson, advertising. 2 52

H A Foeltzer, expense to Grand Rapids. 6 50

The Evening News, publishing proceedings. 8 07

DOG

L D Jones, dog warden. 36 00

Am Exp Co, express. 50

Doubleday Bros & Co, blank receipts. 2 25

C H Hansen, dog tags. 4 13

A resolution was passed to pay \$1,275.00 interest on water bonds, due July 1, 1900.

A resolution was passed to take \$1,512.50 from the contingent fund and place the same to the credit of the water fund, said sum representing the rental for 121 fire hydrants for six months, ending Dec. 31, 1900.

A resolution to pay the expense of a water tap at the corner of Sixth and Wall streets for fire protection was voted down.

The following resolution in regard to the proposed "East Side" sewer was read and adopted by a vote of 6 to 1:

Whereas, Heretofore the city council of the city of Benton Harbor, and the board of public works thereof, have taken such proceedings in the establishment of the "East Side" sewer district and in the preparation of the diagram and plat of the whole of said sewer district as required by law; and

Whereas, All proceedings required by chapter 21 of the city charter of the city of Benton Harbor, before the final determination to construct said sewer, having been duly taken, now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the city council of the city of Benton Harbor does hereby determine to construct said "East Side" trunk sewer in the "East Side" sewer district, as designated by resolution of the city council and adopted by said council June 4, 1900; and it is hereby declared that said sewer shall be constructed along the route and in the location designated in the plat and diagram of said district on file in the office of city clerk of said city. Said route is as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the Paw Paw river in Paw Paw avenue, thence along Paw Paw avenue to Frank street, thence easterly along Frank street 250 feet, thence southeasterly along and across lands of James E. Miller co lands of Morton & Stevens, thence southeasterly and easterly across lands of Morton & Stevens to Territorial street, as said route is located in said diagram and plat thereof; and said diagram and plat are hereby approved and adopted; and said "East Side" sewer shall be constructed according to the grade and dimensions of said "East Side" sewer specified in said diagram and plat and profile; and be it further

Resolved, That said "East Side" sewer district shall be composed of the following lots, lands and divisions, to-wit:

Miller's addition—entire blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, and lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 5.

Morton & Stevens' addition—entire blocks A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and I.

Morton & Stevens' 2d addition—entire blocks 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Benton Harbor Improvement Association, 1st addition—entire blocks 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Thresher's 2d addition—entire blocks 1 and 6; lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 2; and lots 7 and 8, block 5.

Benton Harbor Improvement Association's 3d addition—entire blocks 8, 15, 16 and 17; and lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, block 9.

Thresher's improvement addition—entire blocks 5, 6, 7, 18 and 19; lots 14, 15, 16 and 17, block 4; lots 11 and 12, block 8; lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, block 17.

Unplatted property—parcel bounded north by Territorial road (or street), east by lots 7 and 10, south by lot 10 and west by lots 8 and 9, block 7.

Thresher's improvement addition. Parcel bounded north by alley, east by lot 15, south by Cass street and west by lot 14, Thresher's improvement addition.

Benton Harbor Improvement Association's 6th addition—blocks 1, 2, 3 and 4.

McDonald & Packard's addition—lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44 and 45.

Unplatted property—commencing on the north line of McDonald & Packard's addition at corner of lots 5 and 6, thence running east 200 feet, thence north to the southeast corner of the Benton Harbor Improvement Association's 6th addition, thence west 967 feet, thence southeasterly to place of commencing.

Parcel bounded north by Territorial street, east by lot 4, south by alley and west by lot 5, block 8, Benton Harbor Improvement Association's 3d addition.

Parcel bounded north by Territorial street, east by lot 6, south by alley and west by lot 7, block 9, Benton Harbor Improvement Association's 3d addition.

Parcel bounded north by Improvement Association's 1st addition, east by McCord street; south by Morton & Stevens' 2d addition, and west by Miller's addition.

Parcels commencing at the center of section 18, town 4, south of range 18 west, thence running east 1,640 feet, thence north 400 feet, thence west to Paw Paw avenue, thence southerly along Paw Paw avenue to Waukonda avenue, and thence easterly along Waukonda avenue to the north and south quarter line of said section 18, and thence south to place of commencing.

Parcel commencing at the southwest corner of lot 32, McDonald & Packard's addition, thence running east 265 feet, thence south 375 feet, and thence to place of beginning.

And be it further

Resolved, That one-fifth of the estimated expense of the said "East Side" trunk sewer shall be paid out of and from the general sewer fund of said city, and the remainder of the expense thereof, to-wit: four-fifths of said expense, shall be paid by special assessment upon all of the taxable lands, lots and sub-divisions and premises included within said "East Side" sewer district, in proportion to the estimated benefits accruing to each parcel, respectively, from the construction of said sewer, which assessments according to benefits shall be made without reference to any improvement or buildings on the lands so assessed. And be it further

Resolved, That the board of special assessors be and are hereby authorized and instructed to make a special assessment to defray the cost and expenses of constructing said "East Side" trunk sewer, in accordance with the profile, plat and diagram thereof on file as aforesaid, the estimated expense whereof is on file in the office of the city clerk; and that said assessment shall be made against all the taxable lands, lots, and sub-divisions in said district, and said assessment shall levy four-fifths of the cost and expenses of said sewer upon said lands, lots and sub-divisions; and that said board of special assessors shall make report thereof in a special assessment roll as required by law, to this council, with all convenient speed. And be it further

Resolved, That said plat and diagram of said "East Side" sewer district shall be recorded in the office of the city clerk in the book of sewer records.

The following resolution with reference to the proposed sewer on Vineyard avenue was adopted by unanimous vote:

Whereas, A proper petition having been presented to this city council praying for the construction of a public lateral sewer in and along Vineyard avenue in this city, commencing at and intersecting with the main sewer in Pipestone street and running thence along the center of Vineyard avenue to a point about one hundred feet east of the east line of Cedar street; and

Whereas, The city council having caused a diagram and plat to be made of the whole district in which such proposed lateral sewer shall be located, which diagram and plat shows all the streets, public grounds, lands, lots and subdivisions thereof in such district, the proposed route and location of such lateral sewer, and the depth, grade and dimensions thereof; and the city council having procured an estimate of the cost of such lateral sewer, viz: a sum not to exceed four hundred and eighty-one dollars and ten cents (\$481.10); and

Whereas, The city council having caused due notice to be published in THE EVENING NEWS, a daily newspaper printed and circulated in the city of Benton Harbor, for at least two weeks, such publication first appearing in said newspaper on the 7th day of June, 1900, and the last publication on the 23d day of June, 1900, of the intention to construct such lateral sewer and where said diagram and plat might be found for examination, and of the time when the city council and board of public works would meet and consider any suggestions or objections that might be made by parties interested with respect to such lateral sewer, viz: at a meeting of said city council and board of public works to be held in the council room in said city June 25, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., and said city council and board of public works having duly met at the appointed time and place as aforesaid, and no person appearing at such meeting to make either suggestions or objections in regard to such lateral sewer or anything pertaining thereto; and

Whereas, It being the sense of this council that such lateral sewer should be constructed; and all preliminary steps and proceedings in the matter having been taken in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided; therefore it is hereby



**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
Delivered in Benton Harbor or St. Joseph.  
One year, \$4; three months \$1;  
one month, 40c; in advance.  
The Weekly News, \$1 a year.  
Entered at the postoffice at Benton Harbor  
as second-class matter.  
OFFICE: 142 Pipestone Street.  
TWIN CITY TELEPHONE 172.  
FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1900.

#### THE CAMPAIGN IS ON.

The presidential campaign of 1900 has begun. The nominations of McKinley and Bryan by the two great parties were expected but until they were established facts the campaign could not really be said to be open.

Between now and next November there are likely to occur many things which may sway the tide of public opinion from one party to the other but looking at the election from the distance of four months the result will be very close. The democrats have a better show of winning than they did at the time of the last nomination of Cleveland and Harrison, but in that campaign Cleveland grew in favor, while the Harrison stock grew less. In the present campaign the candidate will win who grows in prestige during the campaign. No one can now tell which of the two men will have that good fortune.

Four years ago when Bryan was running for president the white house was occupied by Cleveland, a democrat. All democratic office holders even down to the postmasters were lined up against the democratic candidate and where the postmasters supported Bryan openly, like Postmaster Jarvis of this city, they were beheaded and gold democrats given their places. Bryan was defeated by democrats. It is different now. The gold democrats and the Dave Hills have come back into the fold and the one plank, the 16 to 1 dogma, which cost the party votes has been put in the back yard of the platform.

The result of the election will have no direct bearing on the money question but it will largely decide whether this country will engage in the government of colonies. Before the campaign is over every cross roads will be regaled with the evils and the blessings that will come with what the present administration calls expansion. To the average citizen it will seem a long time between July and November this year.

It is well that Col. Roosevelt does not base his claims to election upon his record as colonel of the rough riders. Verily, for his labors, along that patriotic line, he has already received the thanks of men.

**Bad Blood** is a bad thing. It is responsible for scrofula, salt rheum, humors and many other diseases, including rheumatism and that tired feeling. Bad blood is made good blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sick headache is cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

#### Auction Sale

By order of the court, of the entire stock, safe, fixtures, tools and material of the Rickey jewelry stock, St. Joseph, Mich., without limit or reserve. Sales daily at 2 and 7:30 p. m. until stock is sold.

A. L. CHURCH, assignee,  
JOHN F. TURNER, auctioneer.

#### I. I. & I. Excursion Bulletin

In addition to the above we will sell on certain dates during the next 30 days tickets at reduced rates to the following points: Boston, Mass., Cincinnati, Ohio, Evansville, Ind., Quebec, Chateaugay, Tenn., Elkhart, Ind., Montreal, New York City.

Will sell excursion tickets to Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver at one fare for round trip plus \$2.00 on May 15 and June 5 and 19, 1900. Look up our service and connections.

The Indiana, Illinois & Iowa R. R. will sell Homeseekers' excursion tickets on May 15, June 5, and June 19 to points in the south, southwest, west and northwest at one fare for the round trip plus \$2.00. We offer you the best routes and connections.

Arrange to take advantage of the I. I. & I. Niagara Falls excursion in August. Exact date will be given at an early day. No local stops after leaving our line. Only one night on the road.

## REAL ESTATE.

### For Home or Investment.

We have for sale two blocks of choice lots on Edward street, between city limits and car line. Lots are 50x125 ft., 60 foot street, all graded, survey stakes set, abstract with every lot, taxes a mere nothing. Will sell them on easy payments and furnish money to build you a home. It will pay you to investigate.

### A Great Bargain.

A fine large lot on the west side of Corix avenue, 60x125 feet wide, running back to the river, a distance of 120 rods. Considering the location and outlook, this is the finest location for a nice residence in the city. Will be sold cheap. Ready sell anticipated, so don't lose any time about investigating. 3 acres.

### Now Is A Good Time

to buy real estate, prices are bound to be higher. Prospects for Benton Harbor and vicinity were never brighter. Call and see us for what you want. Our list is too large to give it here.

**Antisdale & Loomis,**

104 Water Street,

Benton Harbor, Mich.

## News Notes About the Bustling Lake Town

### Bridgman Boy Meets Death by Drowning.

Word reached this city this afternoon of the drowning of the two-year old son of George Botham, a farmer living one mile out of Bridgman.

The little fellow was playing on his father's farm the afternoon of the Fourth. In some manner he tripped and fell headlong into a creek running across the farm.

Although the water was not deep the little boy was drowned. He was found later in the day and carried to his home.

The funeral took place yesterday. The deceased is a grandson of Captain Botham of this city.

The steam barge R. S. Colman arrived this morning with a cargo of lumber for the extension of the Big Four dock across the canal.

J. W. Livingston, of Jackson, is in St. Joseph for a few days.

C. L. Lawton, of Coldwater, is visiting friends in the city.

The Juanita Glee club, which will give an entertainment in the Methodist church July 9, under the auspices of the ladies' aid society, will sing several pieces at the regular morning service of the Methodist church next Sunday.

Arthur Goodfellow, of Kenosha, Wis., is visiting friends in this city.

H. J. Broen, a young man well known in St. Joseph gave a check for \$8.50 to Morrow & Stone a few days ago and was lodged in the county jail last night. The check was given on a Kalamazoo bank and was not worth the paper it was written on.

Mrs. May Bradford Smith left today for Goshen, Indiana. She will return Monday and the following day will leave for Kentucky.

Miss Mary McNeill, who has been visiting her sister Mrs. F. C. Tarbel, left for her Decatur home this morning.

The water in the lake is delightfully warm these days and every evening scores of citizens bath in the lake.

### MAY NOT BE TRUE.

No Confirmation of Report of Massacre of All Foreigners at Peking.

London, July 6.—The story that all foreigners in Peking were murdered on June 30 or July 1 appears to be circulating simultaneously at Chefoo, Shanghai and Tientsin. Yet, as it is not confirmed by official dispatches, and is not traceable to the southern viceroys, who are still in certain communication with Peking, there is a basis for the hope that it is untrue. Cautious observers at Shanghai recognize that even though these reports are rejected, events in Peking must be galloping to a tragic end. Correspondents of the Express at Shanghai gather details from Chinese sources, which, pieced together, relate that when the foreigners' ammunition was exhausted the British legation and poured into the courtyard with fanatical fury. The foreign troops were so hopelessly outnumbered that their fate was certain. The moment the mob broke, the courtyard was converted into a shambles.

Two Manchus who have arrived at Shanghai certify to the truth of the statement that Prince Tuan visited the palace and offered the emperor and dowager empress the alternative of poison or the sword. The emperor, they say, took poison and died within an hour. The dowager empress also chose poison, but craftily swallowed only a portion of what was offered her and survived.

Washington, July 6.—The president has sent the following message of condolence to the emperor of Germany:

"The confirmation of the murder of your majesty's minister in Peking leads me to tender to your majesty and to the family of Baron von Ketteler my sorrowful condolence and those of the American people. WILLIAM McKINLEY."

### BASEBALL.

Result of Professional Games Played on Thursday—Standing of the Clubs.

The following tables show the standing of the clubs of the leading baseball organizations. National league:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Brooklyn	38	21	.644
Philadelphia	34	27	.557
Pittsburgh	34	29	.540
Chicago	32	29	.523
Cincinnati	29	32	.475
Boston	26	35	.427
St. Louis	25	37	.403
New York	21	37	.363

American league:

Chicago	41	28	.593
Milwaukee	39	28	.582
Indianapolis	34	28	.548
Cleveland	31	29	.514
Minneapolis	31	35	.470
Kansas City	32	38	.457
Detroit	28	37	.430
Buffalo	24	42	.364

National league games on Thursday: At Chicago—Chicago, 2, 8, 1; Boston, 0, 7, 2. At St. Louis—Philadelphia, 3, 10, 2; St. Louis, 2, 9, 1. At Cincinnati—Brooklyn, 2, 10, 0; Cincinnati, 0, 1, 0. At Pittsburgh—New York, 7, 4, 4; Pittsburgh, 3, 9, 4. American league: At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 7, 11, 3; Detroit, 6, 11, 5. At Milwaukee—Chicago, 1, 6, 0; Milwaukee, 0, 8, 1. Interstate league: At Wheeling—Wheeling, 7, 12, 3; Mansfield, 7, 11, 3 (called because of darkness). At Dayton—Dayton, 4, 10, 1; Columbus, 0, 4, 2. At Toledo—Port Wayne, 3, 7, 5; Toledo, 2, 5, 3. At Newcastle—Youngstown, 8, 12, 1; Newcastle, 3, 5, 2.

### Holland Fishermen.

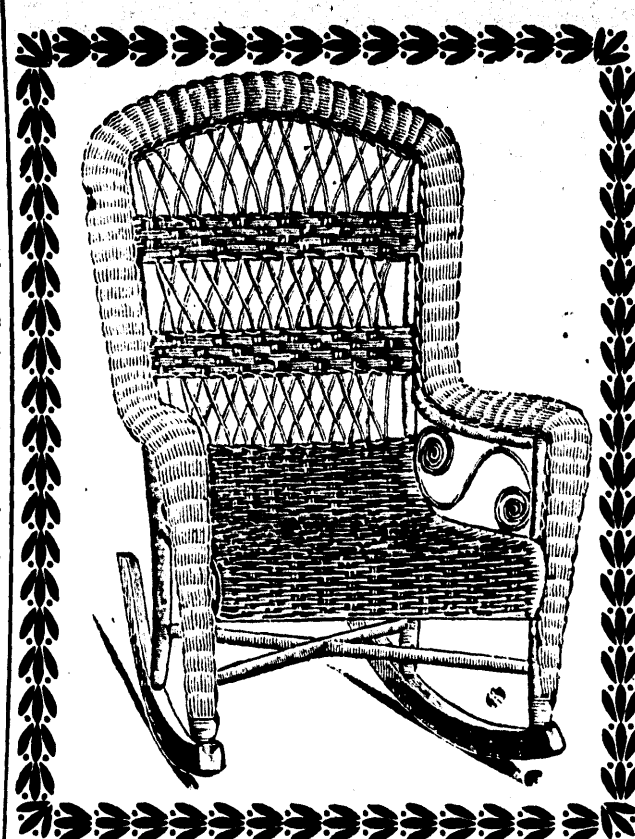
Fishermen in Holland kill all fish as soon as they are landed, while French fishermen, on the contrary, allow them to die of suffocation. The Dutch custom is the right one, because fish that are promptly killed are in better condition for the table.—N. Y. Herald.

### The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. But such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c at Lowe & Witherspoon's Drug Store.

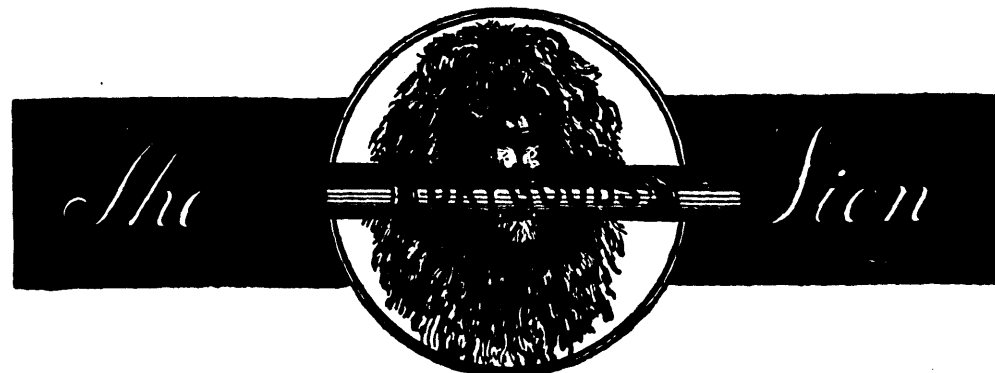
Dr. S. M. White, dentist

# IT IS GENERALLY CONCEDED THAT C. R. Moon, of St. Joseph



They may joyfully sing that \$2.50 for this rocker is certainly cheap, but this is the rocker that will rock you to sleep.

**Undertaking and Embalming a specialty**  
**Cor. State and Pleasant Sts. C. R. MOON**



## Do You Know About Deimel Linen-Mesh Underwear

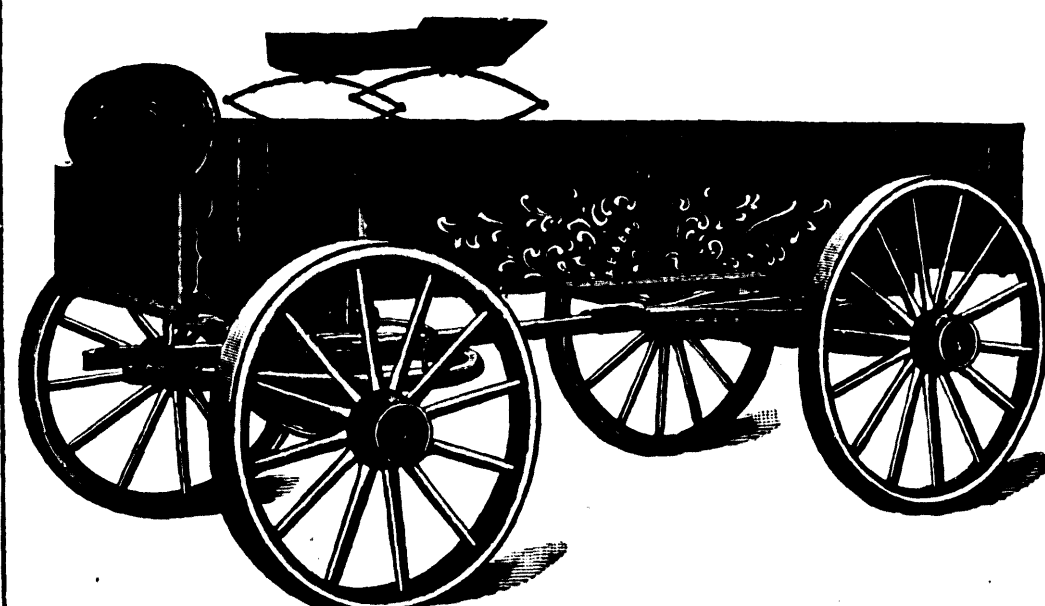
If not we are the sole agents for the Deimel Linen-Mesh Underwear for Berrien county and would be pleased to show you and explain to you the merits of the Deimel Linen-Mesh Underwear over all other makes and materials, silks included. If you can not come here to see the garments yourself, send us your name and address on a postal card, and we will send you a booklet explaining all about it, giving prices, and including a swatch of the linen-mesh, such as the garments are made of. It also explains the reasons why every man, woman, girl, boy, child or infant, that wants to be healthy should wear linen-mesh underwear. We carry ladies' and gents regular two-piece suits in stock. Union suits made to order only.

# LION CLOTHING STORE!

SHEPARD & BENNING

ST. JOSEPH

## ...TAKE-NOTICE...



GIVE THE...

## Baushke Wagon

A Trial, and you won't regret it

**A. BAUSHKE & BRO.**

BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

Now Open for the Summer Season

**W. N. SIMONDS, Manager.**

Fall in line with the crowd and spend an enjoyable evening.

A Refined Vaudeville Show for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Program changed each week.

Admission

10c

**Twin City Telephone Co.**

Have long distance copper line connections to the following important points:

### MICHIGAN

Kalamazoo, Lansing, Battle Creek, Bay City, Saginaw, Detroit, Cadillac, Grand Rapids, Muskegon, Grand Haven, Holland, Marshall, Ionia, Otego, Sturgis, Three Rivers, Buchanan.

### INDIANA

South Bend, LaPorte, Kendallville, Fort Wayne, Columbia City, Granger, Chesterton, Michigan City.

And over 200 other points in Michigan. For further information and list of state line points reached by the Twin City Lines, call telephone 200.

**J. S. MOATS, Manager.**

### If You Want

the best work and prompt service send your laundry work to the

## Enterprise

We have the best skilled help and up-to-date machinery for all kinds of laundry work. High gloss and domestic finish as you desire. We use the supplies that can be bought.

Our laundry and work is open for inspection at all times.

Special rates on family washings and flat work. Give us a trial and be convinced.

**Enterprise Laundry.**

E. White, Prop.

Wall St. opposite Bell Opera.

## The Chicago Tribune

is a newspaper for bright and intelligent people. It is made up to attract people who think it is not neutral or colorless, constantly trying in an endeavor to please both sides, but it is independent in the best sense of the word. It has pronounced opinions and is fearless in expressing them, but it is always fair to its opponents.

Matters of national or vital public interest get more space in THE TRIBUNE than in any other paper in the West.

For these reasons it is the newspaper you should read during the forthcoming political campaign.

THE TRIBUNE'S financial columns never mislead the public.

Facilities for gathering news, both local and foreign, are far superior to those of any other newspaper in the West.

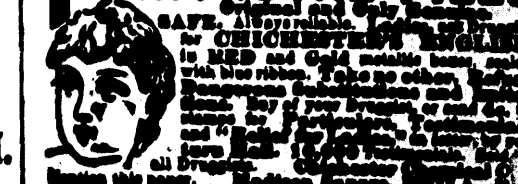
It presents the news in as fair a way as possible, and lets its readers form their own opinions.

While it publishes the most comprehensive articles on all news features, if you are busy, the "Summary of THE DAILY TRIBUNE" published daily on the first page gives you briefs of all the news of the day within one column.

Its sporting news is always the best, and its Sunday Pink Sporting Section is better than any sporting paper in the country.

It is the "cleanest" daily printed in the West.

**PENNYROYAL PILLS**





## SHORT ITEMS

### DATES TO RESERVE.

July 18—Berrien county republican nominating convention at St. Joseph.  
July 20—State senatorial convention at Niles.

### IN LOCAL BUSINESS CIRCLES.

Ladies with little hair can buy during the next 30 days, \$3.50 switches for \$2. Madame DeCarter, 308 State street. Twin City phone 319. Over Rimes & Hildebrand's store. 187tf

Suburban high grade bicycles, lady's or gent's, at Wallace Bros. for \$19. 1f225

The law holds both maker and circulator of a counterfeit equally guilty. The dealer who sells you a dangerous counterfeit of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve risks your life to make a little larger profit. You cannot trust him. DeWitt's is the only genuine and original Witch Hazel Salve, a well known cure for piles and all skin diseases. See that your dealer gives you DeWitt's Salve. G. M. Bell & Co.

Wanted—Immediately, 100 cases of spring fever at the Excelsior Mineral baths, 155 to 165 East Main street.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are famous little pills for liver and bowel troubles. Never gripe. G. M. Bell & Co.

If you have a house to rent or want your buildings, merchandise or furniture insured, telephone Hubbard & Van Horn, No. 195 postoffice block. 121tf

Wanted—Immediately, 100 cases of spring fever at the Excelsior Mineral baths, 155 to 165 East Main street.

A gentleman recently cured of dyspepsia gave the following appropriate rendering of Burns' famous blessing: "Some have meat and can not eat, and some have none that want it; but we have meat and we can eat—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure be thanked." This preparation will digest what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures indigestion and all stomach disorders. G. M. Bell & Co.

No medicine in the world is equal to treatment at the Excelsior Mineral baths, East Main street, for sick headache, numb spells, loss of appetite, cold feet and hands, pains and irregularities such as women suffer. Hundreds now know it.

Wanted—Immediately, 100 cases of spring fever at the Excelsior Mineral baths, 155 to 165 East Main street.

Wisconsin Central Railway.  
Trains now leave Chicago from Central Station, Park Row and 12th Street, Lake Front, connecting with C. & W. M. and Michigan Central trains, for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland, Duluth and the Northwest. Nearest ticket agent can give you further information. JAS. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.

For burns, injuries, piles and skin diseases use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is the original. Counterfeits may be offered. G. M. Bell & Co.

Wanted—Immediately, 100 cases of spring fever at the Excelsior Mineral baths, 155 to 165 East Main street.

Quiet and Comfortable.  
The steamer Frank Woods leaves for Chicago from dock foot Seventh street at 9:30 every evening except Saturday. Fare 50 cents. BENTON TRANSIT CO.

Guitar can be taught in one lesson so you can play or no pay by E. J. Miller without headquarters is now at A. H. Witherpoon's store so enquire there for particulars.

Wanted.  
Reliable party would pay a good price to rent a good naphtha launch for four weeks. Address, P. O. box 1085 Benton Harbor 227tf

FOR—  
Ballinger's - Express  
Leave orders at J. E. Rice's paint and paper store. No. 148 Pipestone St.  
Office Phone 601. Res. Phone 675

Twin City Floral Co.  
...Cut Flower Prices...  
Roses—pink, yellow & white, per doz., 30c  
Mosses—red, per doz., 40c  
Carnations, per doz., 15c

ew Bakery!  
Corner Territorial & Sixth Streets.

ntrell & Young  
Are now prepared to furnish the best of fresh baked bread, pies, cakes and other good things found in a first-class bakery.

EDDING CAKES!!  
And special orders will receive prompt attention. For your stomachs sake give them a trial.

ntrell & Young,  
Cor. Sixth and Territorial

THE child of Mr. and Mrs. Judson Burridge is improving.

CARS will run to Eastman Springs every ten minutes this evening.

Dr. Cory rallied yesterday afternoon and is likely to live several days.

THE Mercy hospital benefit will be given at Bell's opera house July 24.

REV. J. L. Romig will begin a series of illustrated sermons at the Christian church tonight.

THOMPSON & Lawrence, the barbers in the Robinson block, have a live weasel on exhibition in their shop.

HOME Forum 389 will give an ice cream social on the lawn of William Chisholm, Vineyard avenue this evening. The public is cordially invited.

THE city water will be shut off tomorrow forenoon, south of Main street, in order to place a valve in the mains at the corner of Broadway and Britain.

BENTON lodge No. 132 I. O. O. F. will go to Waterbury Saturday evening, July 7, to see the Cook Co. team of Chicago in the exercise of the degree work of odd fellowship in the Waterbury opera house. The train leaves Benton Harbor 7:47. Excursion rates.

JUSTICE W. H. Hollis had his first business yesterday, a justice of the peace. He was visited by a blushing young couple who were bent on being married. The judge wasn't quite used to that sort of thing, but he put on a serious face and tied the love knot with true art. And he kissed the bride as if he had been a justice all his life.

THE ladies of the G. A. R., on account of the heat have postponed their lawn social until Saturday. They will then serve Rouse's delicious ice cream and plenty of fine cake from 4 to 8 on Mrs. Florence Rouse's lawn on Morton avenue. A graphophone will furnish romantic music, all for 10 cents. Come everybody with all the children and have a good time.

THE Gilbert-Holt Stock Co. will open their engagement tomorrow night at Eastman Springs in the comedy drama "Nugget Nell." This is a western comedy drama full of humor as well as excellent climaxes. During the performance specialties will be introduced by the members of the cast including the latest illustrated songs. Admission 15 cents to the grounds and theatre.

THE first cases of blackberries this season were shipped from this port last evening. When blackberries begin to ripen the first sign of the departure of the berry season appears. There'll be a full month of signs yet, however, and citizens may gorge on berries until the first of August. The warm days and warm nights are rapidly ripening the apples, and growers expect to begin shipments in two weeks.

THE steamer Mary, which has been on the dry dock in Chicago while her fin keels have been removed, will leave Chicago for this port at 7 this evening. It is expected that with the fin keels removed the steamer will make as fast time as before her reconstruction. The steamer America, now the fastest boat running into and out of Chicago, came out with fin keels and was a failure. The fin was removed with the above recorded result.

AT THE  
Chicago Bargain Store  
For 3 days only.  
Saturday, Monday and Tuesday

All our 25c and 20c wash goods at 15c  
All our 15c and 12c wash goods at 10c  
All our 10c wash goods at 7c  
All our 8c and 7c wash goods at 5c  
Come early and secure some of these fine bargains.

Republican Senatorial Convention.  
A republican convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate for state senator for the seventh senatorial district of Michigan consisting of the counties of Berrien and Cass will be held at Niles on July 20, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon. The basis of representation will be one delegate from each supervisor's district.  
COMMITTEE.  
H. B. VOLKHEIM,  
W. W. EASTON,  
D. R. BEESON.

Dated June 30, 1900.

Auction Sale  
By order of the court, of the entire stock, safe, fixtures, tools and material of the Rickey jewelry stock, St. Joseph, Mich., without limit or reserve. Sales daily at 2 and 7:30 p. m. until stock is sold. 61227

A. L. CHURCH, assignee,  
JOHN F. TURNER, auctioneer.

BIG FOUR EXCURSIONS.  
Detroit, one fare for the round trip. Tickets sold June 8, good returning June 9.  
Kansas City, Mo., one fare for the round trip. Tickets sold July 1, 2 and 3. Good returning July 9.  
St. Paul, Minn., \$18.37 for round trip tickets, sold July 14, 15 and 16. Good returning July 21.  
Cincinnati, O., one fare for the round trip. Tickets sold July 10, 11, 12 and 13. Extreme return limit August 10.  
Atlanta, Ga., one fare for the round trip. Tickets sold July 9 and 10. Good returning July 19.  
Charleston, S. C., one fare for round trip. Tickets sold July 3, 5, 6, and 8. Good returning Sept. 1.  
Hirman, O., one fare for round trip. Tickets sold June 19 and 20. Good returning June 24.  
L. G. SMITH, Agent.

Ice cream freezers at your own prices. 61235 B. L. HALL CO.

Easy to take, easy to operate—

## Hood's Pills

### WEDS A COACHMAN.

Adopted Daughter of Wealthy New Yorker Takes Hasty Step.

The Secret Comes Out and the Bride Chooses Her Coachman Husband Rather Than a Trip Abroad.

When Mrs. William G. Mulligan, of 1911 Fulton avenue, Tremont, then unmarried, adopted the infant daughter of her dead friend, Mrs. Alexis Karaman, 16 years ago, her father warned her that some day the child would bring her trouble. Last Monday the adopted daughter, now a beautiful girl of 18, left her foster parents' home forever. She had been secretly married to Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan's coachman, William Lahey, on May 9. The pair did not give any hint that they were husband and wife. But on Monday this marriage notice was sent to Mr. and Mrs. Mulligan:  
"Lahey-Karaman—May 9, Ella Karaman, 18 years old, to William Lahey, 25 years old, by Rev. George Nixon, pastor of the Tremont Presbyterian church, One Hundred and Seventy-fourth street and Washington avenue."

Beneath was written in pencil: "This is true. If you want proof go to the minister."

Mrs. Mulligan did go to the minister. She learned that her adopted daughter and the coachman had been married, the rector's daughter, a schoolmate of Ella Karaman and Dr. Andrews acting as witness.

Mrs. Mulligan offered to send her foster daughter abroad, but she chose her coachman husband instead. Mr. Mulligan ordered the coachman from his premises, but as a parting gift handed to Mrs. Lahey \$500.

He told her, however, he would help her no more nor would he have anything to do with her and her husband. Mrs. Mulligan is the daughter of the late Capt. William P. Murphy, from whom she inherited a large fortune. She was among the first women lawyers in New York, and is the only woman member of the real estate exchange.

Unalloyed Happiness.  
Long—What is your idea of perfect happiness?  
Short—To have so much money that it's a burden to me.—N. Y. World.

Nevada's Dwindling Population.  
Nevada has a population, all told, of 45,761—about one-fourth of the average congressional district.—Chicago Chronicle.

Followers of Fortune.  
The most tireless followers of fortune are a man's creditors.—Chicago Daily News.

### White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Bogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 75c. Sold by Lowe & Witherpoon, druggists.

See the latest illustrated songs in "Nugget Will" at Eastman Springs Saturday night.

## EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

Sunday, July 8, Lansing and Grand Ledge.

Arbeiter Picnic and celebration at Lansing. An enjoyable day is assured all who attend. Several good bands will furnish music in addition to Glee Club concert, etc. The usual good things connected with German picnics will be provided for the entertainment of visitors. Special train will leave Benton Harbor at 6 a. m. Leave Lansing returning at 7 p. m. Rate \$2.00. H. F. MOELLER, Acting G. P. A.

## UNQUESTIONED SUPERIORITY BLATZ BEER

The Star Milwaukee BEER

Each brand in its respective class, is substantial evidence of the superiority of the "BLATZ" brews.

Blatz Malt-Vivine (Non-Intoxicant) Invaluable Summer Tonic. ALL DRUGGISTS.

VAL. BLATZ BRG. CO., Milwaukee HALL & DATER Wholesale Dealers BENTON HARBOR, MICH.

## Merchants Bank...

Benton Harbor Michigan

Do a General Banking Business. Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$50,000. SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: Interest Paid on Deposits.

## CITIZEN'S STATE BANK.

BENTON HARBOR, MICH. CAPITAL - \$50,000

FRED E. LEE, President. C. M. EDICK, Vice Pres. H. D. HOPKINS, Cashier. R. E. LEE, Ass't Cashier.

Transact a General Banking Business and offer our customers every facility consistent with conservative banking.

DIRECTORS—Fred E. Lee, J. O. Beecraft, T. L. Wilkinson, George B. Thayer, John Shairer, C. M. Edick, Solon Cutler, H. D. Hopkins, R. E. Lee.

Interest paid on savings deposits.

## Benton Harbor State Bank...

CAPITAL \$50,000.

General Banking Business Transacted

I. W. CONKEY, Pres. H. D. POOLE, V. Pres. WM. RUPP, Jr. Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

I. W. CONKEY, S. L. VANCAMP, H. D. POOLE, G. M. VALENTINE, WM. RUPP, JR., J. H. LEE, B. M. NOWLEN, M. B. WELLS, LEWIS SUTHERLAND.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits

Your business respectfully solicited.

## A. H. PETERS

Drying of all kinds

Moving a specialty..

Telephone No. 234.

Leave orders corner Sixth and Territorial, Kreiger & Seel's grocery.

Are you going to

Paper or Paint

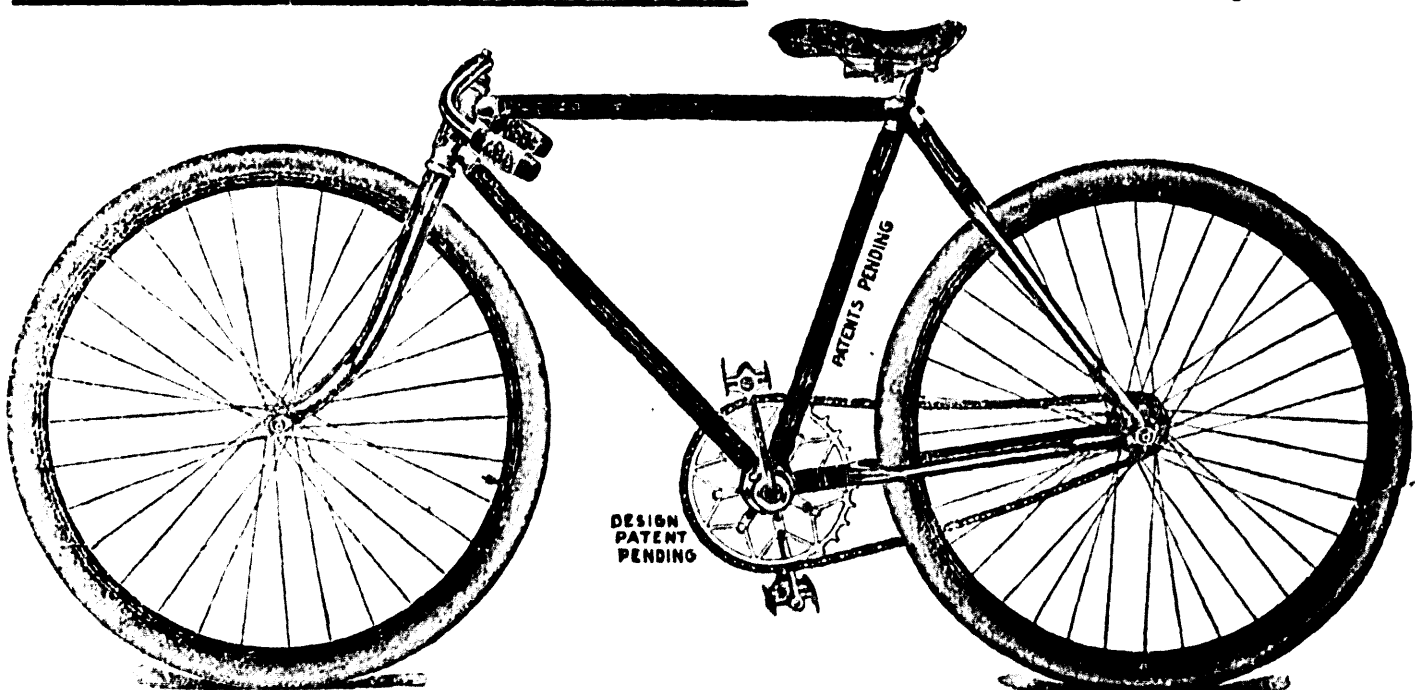
this spring? If so see

J. W. EDWARDS

Who can do the work in the best possible manner at reasonable prices Drop him a postal card to 247 Britain Ave. and he will call.

## THE MANSON

Is a Strictly High Grade Wheel. Inquire for reduced prices at Orin Cycle Co., 145 Pipestone St.



General Repairing and Bicycle Sundries of all kinds.

ORIN CYCLE CO.

## KIDD & WOODS.

### OXFORDS



### SLIPPERS

THIS IS

The Firm THAT SELLS The Shoes THAT DRAWS

..The Trade..

### SHOES



### RUBBERS

The greatest salesman in the world is in our employ. Wit, humor, oratory and eloquence all sit down when he rises to speak. PRICE is the great speaker, the invincible salesman who is always listened to with rapt interest. Call and get acquainted with him.

## ..KIDD & WOODS..

109 MAIN STREET.

BENTON HARBOR



**CALIFORNIA FIC SYRUP**  
**NOTE THE NAME.**



# McKinley and Roosevelt

Brief Life History of the Men Chosen to Lead the Republican Hosts

BOTH ARE TYPICAL AMERICANS

## PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

He is a Typical Representative of Conscientious Americanism.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY has been called the representative American. In features and life he has probably merited the term as well as any of the other 24 men who have mounted the steps of the white house as president of the United States. Lacking the supreme military eminence achieved by Grant, the sublime qualities that are associated with the memory of Lincoln, and the greatness of Washington, there is but one other republican, Garfield, so nearly typical of the representative republican gentleman as the present president and nominee.

McKinley's life until the day in June, 1896, when he was nominated for president, was not much different from that of any other of his fellow

to witness the rise of his son from a school-teacher through posts of national prominence to be governor of Ohio.

## FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS OLD.

President Has Just Reached Most Useful Part of His Life.

The president was born at Niles, Trumbull county O., on January 29, 1843. He attended the public schools in that town until he was nine years old, at which time his father moved to Poland, Mahoning county, O., where the future president entered Union seminary, pursuing his studies in that institution until he was 17 years old. He is said to have excelled in mathematics and languages, and to have bested all his fellow-students in debating the public questions of the day.

In 1860 he was sent to Allegheny college, Meadville, Pa., but gave up his course after a few months on account

when he was elected by the people of his district to represent them in congress. There he soon made his mark, and was returned at each subsequent election until that of 1890, in which year a reapportionment of his district defeated him by a majority of only 300.

In the first congress Mr. McKinley was chairman of the committee on ways and means, and devoted his entire time to preparing and securing the passage of the tariff act that has gone into history bearing his name.

In 1891 the republicans of Ohio nominated Maj. McKinley for governor, and he was elected. James E. Campbell, democrat, had been elected governor of Ohio in 1889 by a plurality of 10,872, but Mr. McKinley defeated him for reelection by a plurality of 21,511. In 1893 Gov. McKinley carried the state by a plurality of 89,995.

In 1884 Mr. McKinley supported Blaine for president. In 1888 he supported Sherman. In 1892, when he was permanent chairman of the republican national convention, he supported Harrison. In this last convention he was brought forward as a candidate by republican leaders in all parts of the country, who objected to the nomination of President Harrison. But all votes cast for McKinley were without his consent and without his approval. He was there as a delegate pledged to Harrison, and while an effort on his part to secure the nomination would have resulted successfully, in the judgment of many well-informed politicians, he remained loyal to the president, and the president was renominated.

In two of the most dramatic episodes known to the history of our national conventions Mr. McKinley was a central figure. In 1888 he was a Sherman delegate. There were whispers of disloyalty in the Ohio delegation. Rumor was busy with Mr. McKinley's name. The night before the balloting he made the rounds of state headquarters and requested every one not to vote for him. He was in earnest, too. Next day a Connecticut delegate persistently disregarded this request. Mr. McKinley rose from his place on the floor. Again the assembled president makers heard that high pitched, thrilling voice.

"I do request—I do demand," he said, "that no delegate who would not cast reflection upon me shall cast a ballot for me."

It was well done, and no man after that ever had the hardihood to doubt Maj. McKinley's honor or good faith.

Four years later Mr. McKinley was a Harrison delegate at Minneapolis. Again he became the center of a situation which the dramatists might take suggestions from. Ohio cast her votes for the man who was presiding over the convention—Mr. McKinley himself. A crisis in the affairs of that gathering had been reached. The air was full of electricity of possibilities. Mr. McKinley arose from his chair, advanced to the front of the stage and questioned the correctness of the vote. Only when it appeared that his alternate had cast his vote for Harrison at Mr. McKin-

# GOV. THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Career of the Republican Nominee for Vice President.

SOLDIER, STATESMAN AND AUTHOR.

Belongs to a Family Which for Seven Generations Has Played a Part in New York History—His Fight for a Pure Civil Service and Enforcement of Law—Part He Took in the Famous Battle of San Juan Hill.

Theodore Roosevelt, governor of New York state, was born on October 27, 1858, in New York city at the home of his father, who was of the same name, at 29 East Twentieth street.

Gov. Roosevelt came of a family which has been distinguished in New York for two centuries. On the church records of 1652 and 1694 there appear the names of a number of Roosevelts, born on Manhattan island, but in a Dutch church record the name is spelled Roosevelt. The record of the Roosevelt family is bright with deeds of patriotism and civic loyalty. Some of the Roosevelts were sugar refiners, merchants, bankers, trustees of charitable institutions and many of them public officers.

Theodore Roosevelt's father was the late Theodore Roosevelt, son of Cornelius Van Schaick Roosevelt, and the family line goes back to medieval times in Dutch history. His mother was a Bullock, of Georgia, one of a family whose founder came to this country from Scotland in the middle of the seventeenth century. Her great-grandfather was the first revolutionary soldier of his state, and her brother fired the last shot from the Alabama as she sunk off Cherbourg under the guns of the old Kearsarge.

Gov. Roosevelt's early education was received at Cutler's private school, a famous institution in New York. He entered Harvard at the age when young men are supposed to enter upon a college life. At Cambridge he studied hard and took an increasing interest in philosophy, history and government. The foundation of a literary career was laid there. He began by writing for the Harvard Advocate, of which he became editor. Mr. Roosevelt did not spend all his time after studies. He entered heartily into all of the college sports, he sprinted, wrestled, sparred and played polo.

After his graduation from Harvard Mr. Roosevelt made a trip to Europe.

But a prolonged absence from his native country would never do for Mr. Roosevelt. He felt he had a mission to perform—the effort for good government. He resolved, if possible, to become a member of the legislature, and began taking an active part in political work as a republican in his assembly district, the Twenty-first of New York city. He quickly became a leader, and finally in 1887 was nominated for

publican national convention, leading the delegation. At the convention he was a notable figure.

## RANCHING IN THE WEST.

An Interesting Episode in the Life of the Vice Presidential Nominee.

Retiring from public life for a time in 1884, Mr. Roosevelt bought a ranch in western Dakota, near Medora, on the Little Missouri river. It was not his first visit to this part of the United States. He went west at a time when the last of the buffalo were going down before the "big hunts." The winters he passed in the legislatures and at the beginning of the long summers he migrated to the "bad lands" and shot elk, sheep, deer, buffalo and antelope. He made two hunting trips, one in 1883, the last big hunt near Butte, when the whites and Sioux from Standing Rock and Pine Ridge were doing the killing. Mr. Roosevelt started his cattle ranch in 1884 and from 1884 until he was appointed civil service commissioner he passed all his summers in the west and his winters in New York.

In 1880 Mr. Roosevelt may be said to have once more entered public life, having received the republican nomination for mayor of New York. He was defeated by Abraham S. Hewitt, the democratic candidate, but at a time when the republican party was still staggering under a national defeat he made a fine run. In 1889 President Harrison appointed him a civil service commissioner, and he acted in that capacity for six years, from May, 1889, to May, 1895. During his six

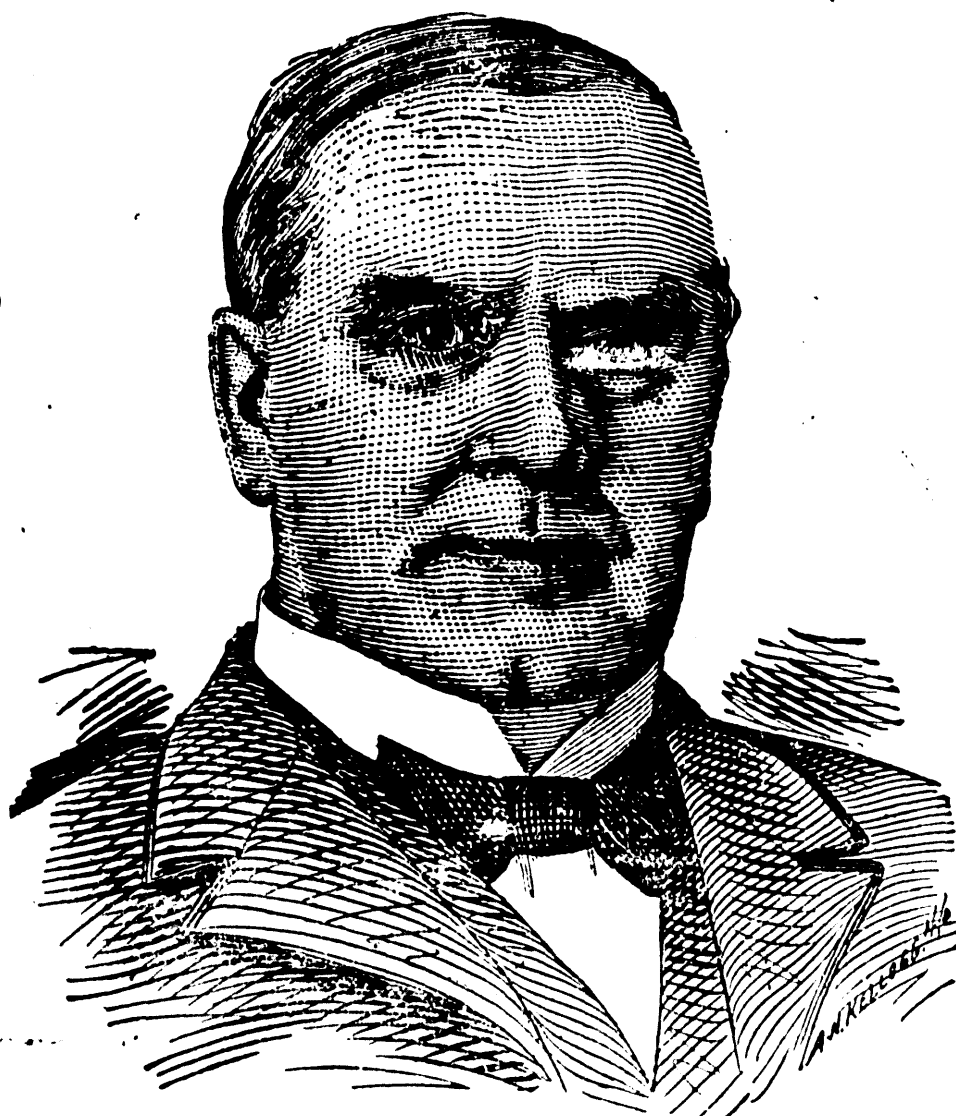
the navy and the other heads of the bureaus wanted to wait and send supplies, etc., after Admiral Dewey had started on his journey, but Roosevelt insisted on the immediate fitting out of the admiral's squadron.

The beginning of the Spanish war of 1898 found Mr. Roosevelt still assistant secretary of the navy, but he resolved to resign his position and enter the United States army.

Mr. Roosevelt resolved to raise a regiment of cavalry of a rough-riding description, but he modestly asked President McKinley to appoint his personal friend, Dr. Leonard Wood, a West Point graduate, its colonel, while he asked for himself only the office of lieutenant colonel.

Col. Roosevelt raised the regiment at San Antonio, Tex., and he picked his men from among those of the southwest whose life business it is to guard the horned herds, and from the mining prospectors and hunters. They were the hardy men of the plains, accustomed to living in the open air and skilled in the use of the rifle. They were "broncho busters," able to manage the most vicious and unbroken beasts. He also added to his regiment some college men who had won laurels on the athletic fields. It occurred to Col. Roosevelt that he could make a wonderful regiment out of the "cow punchers," and above all a regiment for quick work and remarkable execution. The cow punchers, he saw, would not have to be taught to ride and shoot, for to them riding was an occupation, and shooting their pastime.

The first fight that Col. Roosevelt



PRESIDENT WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

citizens who had risen to prominence and enjoyed honor at the hands of the public. He had a creditable war record; he was a congressman, re-elected seven times, and had been governor of Ohio for two terms. His career had not been meteoric, and his chief claim to prominence lay in the fact that he was the greatest living exponent of the protection side of the great economic question that was then dividing the two great parties.

Another serious life of earnest purpose—that has been the life of William McKinley. According to family traditions he came of Scotch and Irish ancestry, and he is popularly supposed to have combined in him the characteristics of both races. James McKinley, the president's ancestor, landed in this country about 1713, and settled later in Chanceryville, York county, Pa., where, said McKinley, great-grandfather of the president, was born in May, 1755. Records of the pension bureau show that David McKinley was a soldier in the revolution and participated in the capture of Paulus Hook and the engagements of Amboy and Red Bank. He died in 1840, in Ohio, the age of 85. A son, James McKinley, moved to Columbiana county, Pa., in 1808. At that time William, his son, lived in Pine township, Mercer county, Pa., was but two years old, and McKinley was an iron manufacturer or furnace man, and his son followed the same vocation. When William was 22 years old he married Nancy Allison, of Canton, O., couple having nine children, of whom William, Jr., the president, was seventh. William McKinley, Sr., died in November, 1892, having lived

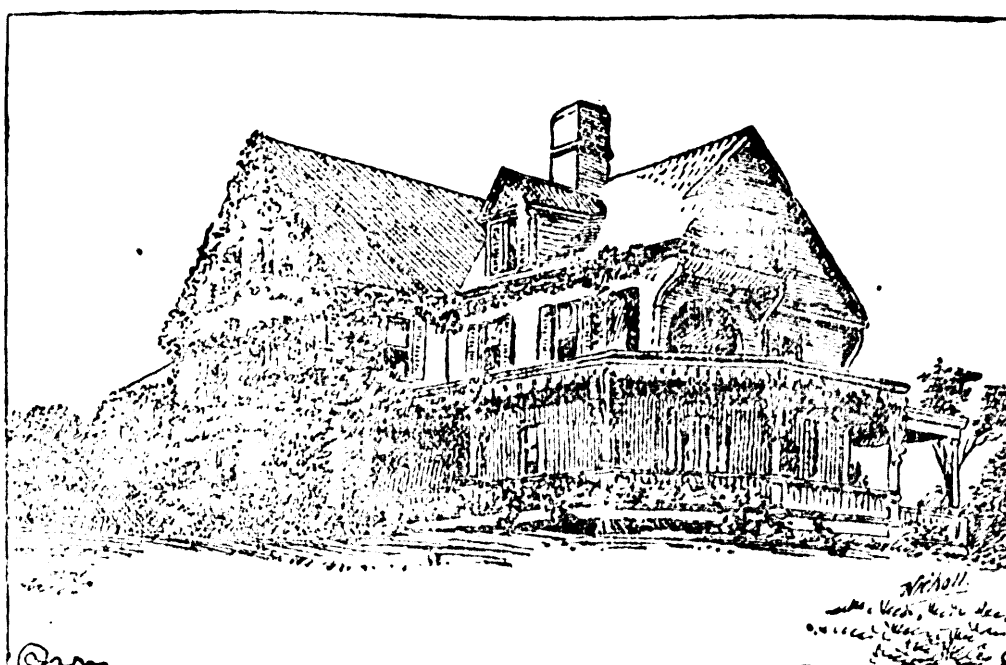
of poor health. After a period of rest he became a teacher in the public schools of the Kerr district, near Poland, having joined the Methodist Episcopal church in Poland. In the spring of 1861 he was a clerk in the post office at Poland, which position he gave up to enlist at Columbus, on June 11 of that year, in company E, of the Twenty-third Ohio volunteer infantry. He was on the staff of Brig. Gen. Hayes, afterward president, and on the staff of the brave Indian fighter, Gen. Custer, and subsequently on the staff of Brig. Gen. Hazen. On February 7, 1863, he was made lieutenant; on July 25, 1864, captain, and was brevetted major by President Lincoln for gallant conduct on the fields of Opequan, Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek. He was with the Twenty-third in all its fights, and was mustered out in 1865.

When the war was over the young man studied law, graduated from the Albany law school and opened an office at Canton. He managed admirably the cases that came to him, and his brilliancy, ability and unflagging industry attracted the attention of Judge Belden, a leading lawyer in Canton, and he took him into a partnership which lasted until 1870.

## HONORED BY HIS PARTY.

McKinley's Faithfulness to Friends Brought Its Own Reward.

In 1869 McKinley was elected prosecuting attorney of Stark county and held that position for some years. He soon developed into an able and successful lawyer. He was thorough and careful in the preparation of his cases and had the entire confidence of his community. He was about 33 years of age



GOV. ROOSEVELT'S HOME ON LONG ISLAND.

ley's request did the chairman resume his place. It was an anxious moment for the Harrison managers, and an anxious moment for Mr. McKinley and his friends. But Gen. Harrison won.

On June 18, 1896, the republican national convention at St. Louis nominated Mr. McKinley for president, and he was elected, receiving 7,104,779 votes, which was a plurality over Bryan of 603,514, and a majority over all of 256,723. In the electoral college the vote for McKinley was 271 and for Bryan 175, a majority of 95 for McKinley.

## PRESIDENT'S HOME LIFE.

It Has Been Almost Ideal and Genuinely Happy and Harmonious.

McKinley's home life has been that of the representative American, and almost ideal. He married on January 23, 1871, Miss Ida Saxton, granddaughter of John Saxton, for 60 years editor of the Ohio Repository, still published at Canton. Two girls, Christine Ida and Kate, were born to Mr. and Mrs. McKinley, both of them dying at early ages.

In 1893 Gov. McKinley became financially embarrassed, and accordingly made an assignment without preferences for the benefit of his creditors. He had indorsed notes for a large amount for the accommodation of one of his friends. He placed implicit confidence in this man's honesty and business judgment, and was sadly deceived. Mrs. McKinley, who is an invalid, had inherited about \$75,000 from her father. She turned over every dollar of her property to trustees and insisted that it should be used with the property of her husband in the payment of his debts.

The high sense of honor shown by Mr. McKinley and his wife increased his popularity greatly, and friends in all parts of the union rushed forward with offers of assistance.

the assembly by the republican party in the Twenty-first district, and was elected over his democratic opponent to the assembly of 1882. It was a democratic assembly, but Mr. Roosevelt, although in the minority, quickly demonstrated that he would be a power in the body.

He put himself at the head of a body of assemblymen, republicans and democrats, who were resolved that there should be a reformation made in some of the evils from which the government of New York was suffering. Bill after bill was passed for this purpose, some of which received the approval of the legislature and some did not, but Mr. Roosevelt was never discouraged. Soon he had a large following in the assembly and became one of the powers of the state. Speaker Patterson had made him a member of the committee on cities and he rendered great services to his constituency in that position.

In 1883 Mr. Roosevelt was once more an assemblyman. Alfred C. Chapin, democrat, was speaker. To the surprise of every one Mr. Roosevelt was placed second on the cities committee by the democratic speaker. During this session of the legislature Grover Cleveland, democrat, was governor.

The assembly of 1884 was republican. Mr. Roosevelt was again a member; Titus Sheard, of Herkimer, republican, was the speaker. Mr. Roosevelt was placed at the head of the committee on cities, and he at this time secured the appointment of a committee to investigate the affairs of the government of New York city. A special committee was appointed. Mr. Roosevelt was appointed chairman.

In 1884 Mr. Roosevelt also entered national politics. He advocated the nomination of George F. Edmunds for president, and was elected one of New York's delegates at large to the re-

years' service he made a phenomenal record. He saw the civil service law so perfected and planted in the departments at Washington that where, under the spoils system, 100 men would have been turned out, under the civil service law as administered under him and his associate's supervision, 99 men were kept in.

Scarcely had Mr. Roosevelt retired from the office of civil service commissioner before Mayor Strong appointed him a member of the board of police of New York. He resolved, as a member of this commission, to elevate the police department to a higher standard. The laws of the state must be strictly enforced; gambling must be suppressed, and disreputable resorts closed. The police force itself must be put in a higher state of discipline. To all attacks made upon the board of police while he was a member of it the reply invariably given by him was that "a law should not be put on the statute books, if it was not meant to be enforced."

## IN THE NATION'S SERVICE.

Roosevelt's Usefulness as an Organizer, Statesman and Soldier.

Mr. Roosevelt served as assistant secretary of the navy under Secretary Long, during which time he organized the force of clerks in his office and made many changes for the good of the service. One of the greatest things for which Mr. Roosevelt received the thanks of the American people while assistant secretary of the navy was the fitting out of Admiral Dewey's squadron of ships just after it had been ordered to Manila bay. It was Mr. Roosevelt who made all the preliminary arrangements for the transports, and ordered supplies, ammunition, clothing, etc., for the men. The secretary of

and his exceptional regiment were engaged in was at La Guasimas, near Santiago, where the first guns for Cuba's freedom were fired.

The taking of San Juan hill and the part played in that memorable engagement by the rough riders will live in history forever.

The next step in the career of Col. Roosevelt was his nomination for gov-



MRS. ROOSEVELT.

ernor by the republican state convention in 1898. He conducted a campaign of great energy, making speeches in almost every county of the state, and was elected over his democratic opponent, Augustus Van Wyck, by a plurality of 17,794.

Gov. Roosevelt has been twice married. His first wife was Alice Lee, of Boston, who left a daughter. In 1886 he married Miss Edith Carow, of New York. There are six children, two of whom are sons.

# WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Born Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio, Jan. 29, 1843.  
Entered Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa., 1860.  
Enlisted as private Company E, 23rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, June 11, 1861.  
Participated in battles South Mountain and Antietam Sept. 14 and 17, 1862, promoted from commissary sergeant to Lieutenant.  
Promoted Captain, battle of Gettysburg, July 24, 1864.  
Commissioned major by brevet March 14, 1865.  
Studied law, law school at Albany, N. Y. Admitted to bar at Warren, O., March, 1867.  
Elected Prosecuting Attorney, Stark County, Ohio, 1869.  
Elected to Congress, 1876.  
Re-elected to Congress for seventh time, Nov., 1888.  
Inaugurated Governor of Ohio, Jan. 11, 1892.  
Second President United States Nov., 1896.  
Nominated for President June 21, 1900.

# THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Born, New York, Oct. 27, 1858.  
Graduated from Harvard 1880.  
State Assemblyman 1882-83-84.  
Nominated for Mayor of New York in 1886.  
Appointed Civil Service Commissioner, 1889.  
President New York Police Commissioners, 1895.  
Appointed Assistant Secretary of Navy, 1897.  
Resigned from Navy Department in 1898, and organized "Rough Riders."  
Led the "Rough Riders" in the charge up San Juan Hill, July 1, 1898.  
Elected Governor of New York, Nov., 1898.  
Nominated for Vice-President June 21, 1900.



SOCIETY AND PERSONAL

Miss Ada Stevens is improving.  
Mrs. Samuel H. Kelly is very ill.  
James H. Hill of Baroda is in the city.  
Miss Lynne Worth went to Chicago this morning.  
C. J. Brown returned last evening to Elk Rapids.  
Frank Baushke returned from Chicago this morning.  
Miss Lida Ball returned to her home in Chicago yesterday.  
Miss Burrucker is visiting her brother, Secretary Burrucker.  
Elmer Barnes went to South Haven this afternoon for about two weeks.  
Miss Nora Chapin, of Schoolcraft, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Chapin.  
L. R. Kingsley of Sodus is improving nicely since the recent operation on his foot.  
Mrs. Simpson of Sault Ste. Marie is a guest at the Bishop home on Niles avenue.  
Rev. Dr. Cogshall will spend his three weeks' vacation at Flagstaff, Ariz., a guest of his son.  
Fred Ticknor has been visiting his sister, Mrs. M. N. Lord, returned to his home in Chicago last night.  
Warner Jennings, who saw service in the Philippines, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Jennings.  
Mrs. Maggie Wright and daughter, Lucy, of Milwaukee, are guests at the A. J. Kidd home.  
Charles D. Stuart of Grand Rapids is rusticating here with his coarser gear chainless.  
Miss Lulu Clyborne, who has been spending a few days with her parents at Fair Plain, returned to Chicago last evening.  
Messrs. Harry and Walter Guynne, of Wabash, Ind., are the guests of their sister, Mrs. Frank Baushke.  
E. K. Pulsifer has had a relapse and is again back in the hospital at Ann Arbor. Mr. Pulsifer is probably on his death bed; the doctor says that there are no hopes of his recovery.  
**Ohio Valley Railway.**  
Geo. D. Sparks, Auditor, Louisville, Ky., Nov. 23, '07.  
F. L. Shinkle, Esq., Muncie, Ind.  
Dear Sir:—Your dyspepsia remedy worked like a charm on me. I have not been troubled for a long time; in fact, I think I am entirely cured. I am glad you have decided to place the remedy on the market for the good it may do others. Add my endorsement to your list and make it as strong as you wish. I send list of R. R. Office men, many of whom suffer from the disease on account of close confinement, etc. I think it would be well for you to send your circulars to some of them.  
Yours in haste,  
George Sparks, Auditor.  
For sale by Lowe & Witherspoon.  
**It Saved His Leg.**  
P. A. Danforth of La Grange, Ga., suffered for six or eight years with a frightful finching sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cts. Sold by Lowe & Witherspoon, druggists.  
**A Summer Kindergarten**  
will be opened at the Emery resort July 9 under the charge of an experienced Chicago Kindergarten. A limited number of children from outside can be accommodated. Rates reasonable. For full particulars address Kindergarten, care of the Emery, 6t  
**Have You Dyspepsia?**  
Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, Nervous or Sick Headache, or any form of Stomach Trouble? If so, Shinkle's Cure for Dyspepsia will cure you. Price 75c per bottle. For sale by Lowe & Witherspoon.  
Take the whizzing cars and go where the cool breezes blow. And the bubbling waters flow: Where the many lights will glow, To that park which you all know, Eastman Springs.  
For admission you must pay fifteen cents, in evening, Friday; And we will not say you may For refreshments; then you may See the tableaux by the way.  
PRESBYTERIAN JUNIORS. 3t234  
**ON FERRY ROUTE**  
The steamer Richmond will make regular trips between Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, leaving old ferry dock, Benton Harbor, at 8:30 every morning to connect with the steamer Tourist and will make round trips every thirty minutes. Fare five cents. Ladies' round trip tickets for five cents every day, but Sunday. The boat can be chartered for evening excursions at reasonable rates. Enquire on board. 6t234  
The clair voyant, is located at 815 1/2 St. Joseph, Mich. Don't see her if you are in trouble. She has helped hundreds of others, why not you? Reception rooms and private consultation room up stairs. Don't ring, go right up stairs. Hours, 9:30 to 9 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 9 p. m. 6t232  
I have one large pup, 3-4 mongrel and all dog which flops his ears, wags his tail, opens his mouth and laughs, while I have for 10 cents, cut hair for 15 and sing "I Love Him Too" without a license or tag. Come and see us, 142 Territorial street. You know us. (P.S.) The dog has the license. 6t230  
Sunday matinee and night at Eastman Springs. The latest illustrated and sacred songs, "The Holy City," "Choir Boy" and others.  
Hot, hot, hot. Freezers all sizes, to cool you at very low prices. 6t235  
B. L. HALL CO.  
The Gilbert-Holt Stock Co. at Eastman Springs every night and Sunday matinee.

NAMES THE ISSUES.

Full Text of the Democratic Declaration of Principles.

THE DOCUMENT IS VERY LENGTHY.

Imperialism Declared to Be the Paramount Issue of the Campaign—Favors Silver Coinage at Ratio of 16 to 1.

Kansas City, Mo., July 6.—Following is the official text of the platform unanimously adopted by the national democratic convention:  
We, the representatives of the democratic party of the United States, assembled in national convention, on the anniversary of the adoption of the declaration of independence, do reaffirm our faith in that immortal proclamation of the inalienable rights of man, and our allegiance to the constitution framed in harmony therewith by the fathers of the republic. We hold with the United States supreme court, that the declaration of independence is the spirit of our government, of which the constitution is the form and letter.  
We declare again that all governments instituted among men derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; that any government not based upon the consent of the governed is a tyranny, and that to impose upon any people a government of force is to substitute the methods of imperialism for those of a republic. We hold that the constitution follows the flag and denounces the doctrine that an executive or congress, deriving their existence and their powers from the constitution, can exercise law-making authority beyond it, or in violation of it. We assert that no nation can long endure half republic and half empire, and we warn the American people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home.  
Believing in these fundamental principles, we denounce the Porto Rico law, enacted by a republican congress against the protest and opposition of the democratic minority, as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of the national good faith. It imposes upon the people of Porto Rico a government without their consent and taxation without representation. It dishonors the American people by repudiating a solemn pledge made in their behalf by the commanding general of our army, which the Porto Ricans welcomed to a peaceful and unresisted occupation of their land. It doomed to poverty and distress a people whose helplessness appeals with peculiar force to our justice and magnanimity. In this, the first act of its imperialistic program, the republican party seeks to complete the United States to a colonial policy, inconsistent with republican institutions and condemned by the supreme court in numerous decisions.  
**Pledge to Cuba Must Be Kept.**  
We demand the prompt and honest fulfillment of our pledge to the Cuban people and the world that the United States has no disposition nor intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over the island of Cuba, except for its pacification. The war ended nearly two years ago, profound peace reigns over all the island, and still the administration keeps the government of the island from its people, while republican carpet bag officials plunder its revenues and exploit the colonial theory, to the disgrace of the American people.  
**The Philippines.**  
We condemn and denounce the Philippine policy of the administration, which has involved the republic in unnecessary war, sacrificed the lives of many of our noblest sons and placed the United States, previously known and applauded throughout the world as the champion of freedom in the false and un-American position of crushing with military force the efforts of our former allies to achieve liberty and self-government. The Philippines cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without imperiling our form of government, and as we are not willing to surrender our civilization or to convert the republic into an empire we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Philippines first a stable form of government, second, independence and, third, protection from outside interference, such as has been given for nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America.  
The greedy commercialism which actuates the Philippine policy of the republican administration attempts to justify it with the plea that it will pay, but even this sordid and unworthy plea falls when brought to the test of facts. The war of 'criminal aggression' against the Philippines, entailing an annual expense of many millions, has already cost more than any possible profit that could accrue from the entire Philippine trade for years to come. Furthermore, when trade is extended at the expense of liberty the price is always too high.  
We are not opposed to territorial expansion when it takes in desirable territory which can be erected into states, republics and whose people are willing and fit to become American citizens. We favor trade expansion by every peaceful and legitimate means. But we are unalterably opposed to the seizing or purchasing of distant islands to be governed outside the constitution and whose people can never become citizens.  
We are in favor of extending the republic's influence among the nations, but believe that influence should be extended, not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example.  
**The Paramount Issue.**  
The importance of other questions now pending before the American people is in no wise diminished, and the democratic party takes no backward step from its position on them, but the burning issue of imperialism growing out of the Spanish war involves the very existence of the republic and the destruction of our free institutions. We regard it as the paramount issue of the campaign.  
**Republican Platform Deceptive.**  
The declaration in the republican platform, adopted at the Philadelphia convention, held in June, 1900, that the republican party "steadfastly adheres to the policy announced in the Monroe doctrine" is manifestly and flagrantly deceptive. This profession is contradicted by the avowed policy of that party in opposition to the spirit of the Monroe doctrine to acquire and hold sovereignty over large areas of territory and large numbers of people in the eastern hemisphere. We insist on the strict maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and in all its integrity, both in letter and in spirit, as necessary to prevent the extension of European authority on this continent and as essential to our supremacy in American affairs. At the same time we declare that no American people shall ever be held by force in unwilling subjection to European authority.  
**Militarism Opposed.**  
We oppose militarism. It means conquest abroad and intimidation and oppression at home. It means the strong arm which has ever been fatal to free institutions. It is what millions of our citizens have fled from in Europe. It will impose upon our peace-loving people a large standing army and an unnecessary burden of taxes and a constant menace to their liberties. A small standing army and a well-disciplined state militia are amply sufficient in time of peace. This republic has no place for a vast military service and a vast armament. When the nation is in danger

the volunteer soldier of the country a defender. The national guard of the United States should ever be cherished in the patriotic hearts of a free people. Such organizations are ever an element of strength and safety. For the first time in our history and coeval with the Philippine conquest has there been a wholesale departure from our time-honored and approved system of volunteer organization. We denounce it as an American, undemocratic and un-republican, and as a subversion of the ancient and fixed principles of a free people.  
**War on Monopolies and Trusts.**  
Private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable. They destroy competition, control the price of all material, and of the finished product, thus robbing both producer and consumer. They lessen the employment of labor and arbitrarily fix the terms and conditions thereof, and deprive individual energy and small capital of their opportunity for betterment. They are the most efficient means yet devised for appropriating the fruits of industry to the benefit of the few at the expense of the many, and which their insatiable greed has checked all wealth will be aggregated in a few hands and the republic destroyed. The dishonest paltering with the trust evil by the republican party in state and national platforms is conclusive proof of the truth of the charge that trusts are the legitimate product of republican policies, that they are fostered by our national laws, and that they are protected by the republican administration in return for campaign subscriptions and political support.  
We pledge the democratic party to an unceasing warfare in nation, state and city against private monopoly in every form. Existing laws against trusts must be enforced and more stringent ones must be enacted providing for publicity as to the affairs of corporations engaged in interstate commerce and requiring all corporations to show, before doing business outside of the state of their origin, that they have no interest in the stock, and are not attempting to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any articles of merchandise, and the whole constitutional power of congress over interstate commerce, the mails and all modes of interstate communication shall be exercised by the enactment of comprehensive laws upon the subject of trusts. Tariff laws should be amended by putting the products of trusts upon the free list to prevent monopoly under the plea of protection.  
The failure of the present republican administration, with an absolute control over all the branches of the national government, to enact any legislation designed to prevent or even curtail the absorbing power of trusts and illegal combinations, or to enforce the anti-trust laws already on the statute books, proves the insincerity of the high-sounding phrases of the republican platform. Corporations should be protected in all their rights and legitimate interests should be respected, but any attempt by corporations to interfere with the public affairs of the people or to control the sovereignty which creates them, should be forbidden under such penalties as will make such attempts impossible.  
**Dingley Tariff Law Condemned.**  
We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust-breeding measure, skillfully devised to give the few favors which they do not deserve and to place upon the many burdens which they should not bear.  
**Interstate Commerce.**  
We favor such an enlargement of the scope of the interstate commerce law as will enable the commission to protect individuals and communities from discriminations and the public from unjust and unfair transportation rates.  
**The Financial Plan.**  
We reaffirm and endorse the principles of the national democratic platform adopted at Chicago in 1896, and we reiterate the demand that platform for an American financial system made by the American people for themselves, which shall restore and maintain a bimetallic price-level, and as part of such system, the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.  
**A Scheme to Benefit Banks.**  
We denounce the currency bill enacted at the last session of congress as a step forward in the republican policy which aims to discredit the sovereign right of the national government to issue all money, whether coin or paper, and to bestow upon the national banks the power to issue and control the volume of paper money for their own benefit. A permanent national bank currency, secured by government bonds, must have a permanent debt to rest upon, and if the bank currency is to increase with population and business, the debt must also increase. The republican currency scheme is therefore a scheme for fastening upon the taxpayers a perpetual and growing debt for the benefit of the banks. We are opposed to this private corporation paper circulated as money, but without legal tender qualities, and demand the retirement of the national bank notes as fast as government paper or silver certificates can be substituted for them.  
**Favors Direct Legislation.**  
We favor an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, and we favor direct legislation wherever practicable.  
**Opposes Government by Injunction.**  
We are opposed to government by injunction; we denounce the blacklist and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employees.  
**A Department of Labor.**  
In the interest of American labor and the uplifting of the workingman, as the corner stone of the prosperity of our country, we recommend that congress create a department of labor in charge of a secretary, with a seat in the cabinet, believing that the elevation of the American laborer will bring with it increased production and service to our country at home and abroad to our commerce and industry.  
**Liberal Pensions.**  
We are proud of the courage and fidelity of the American soldiers and sailors in all our wars; we favor liberal pensions to them and their dependents, and we reiterate the position taken in the Chicago platform of 1896 that the federal enlistment and service shall be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.  
**Nicaragua Canal.**  
We favor the immediate construction, ownership and control of the Nicaragua canal by the United States, and we denounce the insincerity of the plank in the republican platform for an isthmian canal in the face of the fact that the republican majority to pass the bill pending in congress.  
**Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.**  
We condemn the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as a surrender of American rights and interests, not to be tolerated by the American people.  
**Statehood for Territories.**  
We denounce the failure of the republican party to carry out its pledges to grant statehood to the territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma, and we promise the people of those territories immediate statehood and home rule during their condition as territories, and we favor home rule and a territorial form of government for Alaska and Porto Rico.  
We favor an intelligent system of improving the arid lands of the west, storing the waters for purposes of irrigation and the holding of such lands for actual settlers.  
**Chinese Exclusion Law.**  
We favor the continuance and strict enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law and its application to the same classes of all Asiatic races.

**An Entangling Alliance.**  
Jefferson said: "Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none." We approve this wholesome doctrine and earnestly protest against the republican departure which has involved us in so-called policies, including the diplomacy of Europe and the intrigue and land-grabbing of Asia, and we especially condemn the ill-concealed republican alliance with England, which must mean discrimination against other friendly nations, and which has already stifled the nation's voice while liberty is being strangled in Africa.  
**Sympathy for Boers.**  
Believing in the principles of self-government and rejecting, as did our forefathers, the chain of monarchy, we view with indignation the purpose of England to overthrow the self-governing South African republics. Speaking, as we do for the entire American nation, except its republican office holders, and for all free men everywhere, we extend our sympathy to the heroic burghers in their unequal struggle to maintain their liberty and independence.  
**Repeal of War Taxes.**  
We denounce the lavish appropriations of recent republican congresses, which have kept taxes high and which threaten the perpetuation of the oppressive war levies. We oppose the accumulation of a surplus to be squandered in such barefaced frauds upon the taxpayers as the shipping subsidy bill, which under the false pretense of prospering American ship building, would put untold millions into the pockets of favorite contributors to the republican campaign fund. We favor the reduction and speedy repeal of the war taxes, and a return to the time-honored democratic policy of strict economy in government expenditures.  
**Asks Support of People.**  
Believing that our most cherished institutions are in great peril, that the very existence of our constitutional republic is at stake and that the decision now to be rendered will determine whether or not our children are to enjoy those blessed privileges of free government which have made the United States great, prosperous and honored, we earnestly ask for the foregoing declaration of principles the hearty support of the liberty-loving American people, regardless of previous party affiliations.  
**ILLUSTRATED SERMONS**  
Series at Christian Church by Rev. J. L. Romig.  
Beginning Friday evening, July 6, at the Christian church on Broadway, Rev. J. A. L. Romig, well known in this city as an evangelist and preacher, will give a series of illustrated sermons, songs and lectures, continuing for one week. The admission will be free until further notice. Some of the following sermons and hymns will be given during the week:  
Sermons, preparatory talk, prayer, Majesty of Christian Manhood, The Great Physician, Our Written Record, Handwriting on the Wall, Final Judgment, Greatest Command in the Bible. Illustrated hymns: Nearer My God to Thee, 10 ennobling Hymns, Rock of Ages, 12 fine slides, The Ninety and Nine, 10 pictures: Abide with Me, 10 inspiring words: Jesus Keep Me Near the Cross; Throw Out the Life Line; Jesus, Savior, Pilot Me.  
A powerful double dissolving lime light stereopticon will be used to illustrate hymns, parables and teachings of Jesus; also, various other subjects, such as "Gamblers and Drunkards," "Career," "Drunkard's Daughter," "Ten Nights in a Bar Room," etc., on a large screen, with pictures of marvelous beauty, the finest that art produces or that money can buy. Good music will be furnished by Prof. F. F. Dawdy and wife, Evangelistic singers. Everybody welcome. Come and bring a friend. Service will begin at 7:45 each evening. 6t236  
**Dissolution Notice.**  
I, Abraham B. Mills, do hereby surrender all stock and finished work in our yard, corner Fifth and Territorial streets, Benton Harbor, to William Small, Sr., in payment of all debts that I, Abraham Mills, owe to William Small, and from this date the firm of Small & Mills ceases to exist. I hereby agree to assist W. Small to finish P. Tonneller's job. Any contract in the cut stone business that A. B. Mills has made before the 10th day of May, 1900, shall be finished by Wm. Small, with the exception of the Tonneller job. It shall be thoroughly understood that A. B. Mills retains all of his separate tools and this shall be a full receipt for any money A. B. Mills owes to Wm. Small. Signed, ABRAHAM MILLS.  
Witness, WM. HILL, WM. SMALL.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me the 5th day of July, 1900.  
SAMUEL CURTIS, Notary Public.  
The above notice should have been published some time ago but was not considered necessary until Mr. Small and family attempted to destroy my character in this, my new home. 3t236 A. B. MILLS.  
**Advised Letters.**  
List of unclaimed letters remaining in this office for the week ending July 3, 1900:  
LADIES  
Bird, Mrs. Martha  
Bryant, Mrs. Nellie  
Brandenburg, Rosalie  
Chambers, Tillie  
DeFeld, Kathryn  
Gilbert, Mrs.  
Hodgman, Ida  
Hugert, Elva  
Handy, Mrs. E. J.  
Allen, Edward  
Brown, Tom  
Harrington, Henry  
Cobb, Clyde  
Criswell, John R.  
Crans, J. W.  
Dean, A. J.  
Dunn, M.  
Green, J. D.  
Green, Eddie  
Greenman, Carl  
Hudson, Wm.  
Hudson, J. B. (Fann)  
Jankway, Elry  
Morrill, Mr.  
N. J. S.  
Messler, Millard  
Hellenbeck, Sadie  
Miller, Mary  
Minor, Mrs. Lillian  
Mahr, Mrs. Lillian  
Rizer, Mrs. W. H.  
Smith, Mrs. Eliza  
Walt, Stella  
Welth, Ida  
GENTLEMEN  
Putnam, P. L.  
Reynolds, L. S.  
Seiburg, Charles  
Storck, John  
Smith, Lewis  
Schultz, Chas. A.  
Sawyer, Walter  
Schier, Bert  
Shriver, Clarence  
Snodgrass, J. F.  
Skelly, C. W.  
Thompson, George E.  
Wilson, Clarence  
Wrood, Russell  
Young, Archibald  
When calling for these letters please say "advertised."  
H. R. P. is to be sent P. M.  
**SPECIAL SATURDAY SALE**  
At Densmore's 5, 10 and 25 Cent Store  
Will sell 12 qt. galvanized chamber pails for 25 cents.  
Celery and cabbage plants for sale. Call at 147 Garfield avenue. 6t235  
**TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.**  
FOR RENT—ONE ROOM WITH OR WITHOUT BATH, on 12th St. near Washington street. Young men preferred. Mrs. A. J. Hubler. 6t238

MELSHEIMER & SHEAR

THE CASH TRADERS.

316 State St. St. Joseph

...The New Store...

We are a young house, building up a reputation for styles and quality. Therefore we furnish unquestionable quality and absolutely correct styles at lowest possible prices.  
In working for the future the result is that we are giving our customers, who know good things when they see them, an opportunity to get to get the right goods for right prices. Below we will mention a few of the many bargains. We say bargains, because they are bargains, not jobs:  
Misses' 24-inch umbrella, natural wood handle at 39c.  
Misses' 24-inch Gloria umbrella, natural wood handle, at 65c.  
Our men's and boy's straw hats must be sold, therefore we offer one-third off on any style in the house. We have a few more of those handsome silk front shirts left at 50c. each, worth 75c.  
We still continue our one-third off sale on ladies' wrappers. A few shirt waists left. Do not miss this opportunity. Remember 33 1-3 per cent off on any waist in the house. This sale continues the balance of this week.

MELSHEIMER & SHEAR

The Cash Traders

316 STATE ST. ST. JOSEPH

Rushing the Season

A tempting array of fruits and vegetables for your Sunday dinner unequaled in southwestern Michigan.

- NEW WATERMELONS
  - NEW POTATOES
  - HOME GROWN PEAS
  - LETTUCE
  - PEACHES
  - APRICOTS
  - HOME GROWN CHERRIES
  - PLUMS, PINEAPPLES
  - MISSISSIPPI TOMATOES
- The First of the season.

.Butzbach & Schaus.

Telephone 168 140 Pipestone Street

TIME AND SPACE

are practically annihilated by the ocean cables and land telegraph systems which now belt the circumference of Old Earth in so many different directions. "Foreign parts" are no longer foreign in the old meaning of the term. Europe, Africa, Asia, are "next door" to us. What happens there to-day we know to-morrow—if we read THE CHICAGO RECORD, whose Special Cable Correspondents are located in every important city in the world outside of the United States. No other American newspaper ever attempted so extensive a service; and it is supplemented by the regular foreign news service of The Associated Press. For accurate intelligence of the stirring events which are shaking the nations—of wars and rumors of wars—of the threatening dissolution of old governments and the establishment of new—the onward sweep of the race in all parts of the world—the one medium of the most satisfactory information is the enterprising, "up-to-date" American newspaper, THE CHICAGO RECORD.

**FREE** A large map of the world on Mercator's Projection, about 24x16 inches in size, beautifully printed in colors, with a large-scale map of Europe on the reverse side, will be mailed to any address free of charge on receipt of request accompanied by two 2-cent stamps. The maps illustrate clearly how comprehensively the special cable service of THE CHICAGO RECORD covers the entire civilized world. Address THE CHICAGO RECORD, 147 Jackson street, Chicago.